THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., SATURDAY, APRIL 3, 1869. VOL. 29.—NO. 210

LAWYERS.

A. WRIGHT, L. D. M'KISICK, LUKE E. WRIGHT.

WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,

Attorneys at Law,

IN the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 8 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. dec7

ALBERT PIKE. ROBERT W. JOHNSO

Pike & Johnson,

COUNSELLORS,

SOLICITORS AND ADVOCATES

WASHINGTON, D. C.

THIS FIRM, ESTABLISHED AT WASHington, (Office, 217 F Street), will attend to all cases that may be entrusted to them, in the Supreme Court of the United States, and Court of Claims; and also to the recovery of claims against the Government or individuals, and to business before Congress and in the Departments.

The senior member has been a practising lawyer for thirty-two years, and is a member of the bars of the Supreme Courts of Arkansas, Louisiana and the United States. The junior, bred a lawyer, was long a Representative and Senator in the Congress of the United States, and familiar with the modes of transacting business in the Departments.

The senior, retaining his residence at Memphis, will also, as one of the firm of PIKE, ADAMS & PIKE, attend to cases in the Supreme Courts of Arkansas and Tennessee, and in the United States Courts and Chancery Court at Memphis. nov28 tf

ALBERT PIKE, CHARLES W. ADAMS, L. H. PIKE

PIKE, ADAMS & PIKE,

Attorneys, Solicitors & Proctors

ATTEND to cases in the different Courts sitting at Memphis, and in the river counties of Arkansas.

The Senior partner will hereafter especially attend to cases in the Supreme Court of Tennessee, and in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims of the United States at Washington, being of the firm of PIKE & JOHNSON, of that city.

Office in the MADAM VINCENT BLOCK, corner of Court and Second streets.

TRANSPORTATION.

NASHVILLE AND MEMPHIS.

THE

Memphis and Louisville and Nashville and Northwestern Railroad.

SHORT ROUTE VIA McKENZIE. THE only line running Sleeping Coaches between Memphis and Nashville. The very best and most pleasant route from Memphis and all points West and Southwest to Nashville and Middle Tennessee.

Leave Memphis (city time), 4:45 a m. 3:45 p.m
Arrive at Nashville............12:00 m. d.t 6:50 a.m

By another route passengers are compelled to change cars. Persons asking Memphis and Louisville conductors for checks good, via McKenzie, can visit Nashville on all tickets to Louisville and points North and East without additional charge. Ask for tickets via Nashville and Northwestern Railroad.

Ticket Office, 237½ Main street, corner Jefferson, and at Memphis and Louisville Depot, head of Main street.

J. W. THOMAS, Sup't.
A. L. LANDIS, General Agent.
W. L. DANLEY, G. T. A. mh26

BOOTS AND SHOES.

GOODBAR & GILLILAND,

Exclusive Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

201 Main Street, Webster Block,

MEMPHIS, : TENN.

We are now receiving our Spring Stock, to which we invite the particular attention of all merchants. mh7

F. G. TERRY. WM. B. MITCHELL.

TERRY & MITCHELL,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES

AND HATS,

NO. 329 MAIN STREET,

MEMPHIS, - - TENN.

WE ARE RECEIVING THE LARGEST Spring Stock we ever purchased.

We buy for Cash, of manufacturers only.

We can sell goods at as low prices as they can be had from other markets.

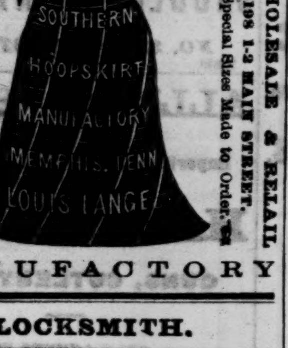
We solicit the trade of MERCHANTS ONLY.

mh9 TERRY & MITCHELL.

HOOP SKIRT.

SOUTHERN HOOPSKIRT

SOLE MANUFACTURER Of the Elegant and Durable JOINTLESS SKIRTS



WHOLESALE & RETAIL 198 1-2 MAIN STREET. Special Sizes Made to Order.

MANUFACTORY

ja29

LOCKSMITH.

A. O. SHULTZ,

PRACTICAL

Locksmith, Safemaker and Machinist,

No. 119 Jefferson Street, Memphis, Tenn

Established in Memphis 1856.

BURGLAR and Fire-proof Safes made and repaired.

Light Machinery, Printing Presses, etc., repaired.

Iron Doors, Shutters and Vaults made.

Locks repaired or made to order.

Bells hung and repaired.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

My celebrated COTTON AUGERS always on hand, and Cotton Scales sharpened. ja3

CINCINNATI.

E. O. HURD. BURCKHARDT & CO.

E. O. HURD & CO.,

Cotton Commission Merchants

No. 101 Sycamore Street, Cincinnati.

LIBERAL advances made on consignments. Orders for Goods solicited. sep6 ly

LUMBER, ETC.

Lumber, Lumber

OLDEST lumber merchants in the South Yard established in Memphis 1847. Building Material of all kinds. Dressed and rough Flooring, Doors, Shingles, Ceiling, Blinds, Laths, Weatherboarding, Glazed Sash, Fencing. We don't intend to be undersold. Yard and office foot Washington street, near river.

pli dawtm M. E. & J. W. COCHRAN.

FIENDISH.

Another Indiana Brute Captured.

From the Evansville (Ind.) Journal, 30th.]

We have heretofore had our attention called to the fact that two little girls, aged about seven years, were assaulted and outraged by some fiend in human form, but have withheld the publication of the same, in order to throw no obstacle in the way of his being arrested. Several persons had been suspicioned and watched. Yesterday another little girl, between five and six years of age, was set upon by some scoundrel, and an attempt made to outrage her person, but it was not known by whom. The police arrested a man in the afternoon by the name of Herman Ruppert, who has been suspicioned, and the little girls were taken to look at him in a crowd to see if they would know him. Nine little girls, two of whom had been victims, and the other seven had vile proposals made to them, went into the room to look at him, and he was immediately identified.

SPAIN.

The Duc de Montpensier to be King.

The Duke of Montpensier, who, the cable says, is to be King of Spain, is the fifth son of Louis Phillippe, formerly King of the French. He was born at Nuilly, near Paris, in 1824. His cunning father married him in 1846 to the Spanish Princess Louisa, the sister of Queen Isabella II., and at the same time brought about the Queen's marriage to her imbecile cousin, Francis of Assisi. Louis Phillippe supposed that this would be a childless marriage, and that the children of the Duke of Montpensier would accordingly inherit the Spanish throne. His calculation has proved erroneous in every way. He himself died in exile, and for more than twenty years none of his family have seen their native country. Isabella II. has a number of children, and yet the old King's principal end will be essentially gained when Montpensier himself puts on the crown of Spain, with a reasonable chance, as things go, of transmitting it to his posterity. The new King will be known as Antonio I.

AN EXPECTED HEIR.

Another Grant and Another Office-holder.

It is whispered in Washington that Mrs. Grant is in the interesting condition in which ladies who love their lords delight to be, and will add another heir to the honors of the house of Grant, another olive branch at his table, and a little arrow to his quiver. That ubiquitous court journal, the New York *Herald*, has delicately prepared the public mind for the event by a mysterious allusion to the lady's health; and as she will be the first President's wife who has ever given birth to a child in the White House, the occasion will doubtless be the cause of honest rejoicing among all the people who voted for the happy father that is to be, perfectly satisfied in their own minds that "the nation" will owe this auspicious event to the fact of their having been original Grant men. If a boy, the coming young man, being a *bona fide* original Grant boy, should be immediately appointed to some office in order not to interfere with the time-honored custom of the family. It will not be necessary for him to do the duties of his office. His pa can publish an order relieving him and let him draw his pay.

FABULOUS.

Untold Wealth—A New Sect.

A very remarkable affair has recently been brought to light in Russia, through the revelations of a merchant in the town of Morshtchansk, a flourishing place southeast of Moscow. This merchant accused one Plotizin with having unlawfully amassed and secreted an immense amount of money, which he said was stowed away in cellars under the owner's residence. Furthermore, he declared that Plotizin held strange doctrines and performed hideous ceremonies in secret. The representations of the merchant were such as to arouse the attention of the authorities, and they proceeded to investigate. Plotizin's house was searched by the police, and in the cellar a scene presented itself which might recall the old tales of the Spanish conquest of Mexico. Stores of gold revealed themselves in every direction; pots, pans, leathern bags, canvas sacks, all filled with the precious metal, and even a number of large casks, which stood at the further end of the vault, were found to be crammed with bars and ingots of gold to the very top. The gold coins were mostly of ancient date. The whole scene formed such a tableau as the oldest man present, in all probability, had never before gazed upon; and the earliest estimate (probably an exaggerated one,) rates the treasure as high as 10,000,000 roubles—considerably over £1,000,000 sterling. The alleged accumulation of wealth having been fully established, the authorities extended their examination to the other matter charged against Plotizin, which, according to the official record, was that Plotizin was one of the principal leaders and supporters of a secret but very extensive sect, comprising many rich merchants and money changers, whose doctrine is apparently the abjuration of all ordinary pleasures and the devoting themselves, heart and soul, to the amassing of money. They form a secret commercial league, distinguished by the practice of rigid celibacy.

VICTORIA.

How She Enjoyed the Interview with Grote, Carlyle and Browning.

London Correspondent New York Herald.]

One day this week the Queen sent word to Dean Stanley that she wished to pay him a visit at the Deanery, Westminister Abbey, and would be glad to have certain gentlemen eminent in literature to meet her. She named Mr. Grote, (the historian and author of Plato), Mr. Carlyle, Mr. Browning, and one or two others. These favored persons—or was it the Queen who must be considered favored?—were, I hear, greatly pleased with the interview which they had with her Majesty. She paid a compliment, in all sincerity, to each. She had read Mr. Grote's Plato, and expressed her admiration for it. This will be gratifying to a public writer not unknown to New York, who has called Mr. Grote's Plato the greatest book of the age. The Queen showed that she was familiarly acquainted with Mr. Browning's poems, and spoke to him relative to his work now in course of publication—the "Ring and the Book." She conversed for some little time with Mr. Carlyle, and the subject of pauperism happened to arise. Mr. Carlyle avowed his opinion that there was very little unavoidable and involuntary pauperism in England. Her Majesty said that she was afraid he was mistaken—that unhappily there was too much evidence of wide-spread pauperism, produced by misfortune, to admit of any doubt of its existence. The party, I am informed, (all this was told to me "privately," but there is no harm in repeating to you in confidence), had a most interesting conversation, and everybody was delighted with the Queen's urbanity. It is well to be a Queen to be able to bring around her all the most eminent living men of our country by beckoning with her finger.

CUBA.

Population, Productions and Prospects.

From the Washington Chronicle of Monday.]

In conversation with a gentleman connected with the Cuban delegation representing the insurgent government, who is at present in this city, we were furnished with some interesting statistics in connection with his native isle. The census of Cuba is taken every ten years, the last being in 1862, the population that year numbering 1,500,000. Of these 600,000 were negroes and 900,000 whites. Of the white population but 159,000, including the army and the women and children, were Spaniards, the remaining 750,000 being natives of the isle. Of these latter 325,000 were women, 215,000 children and aged persons, and 210,000 able bodied men capable of bearing arms. Of the 600,000 negroes, it is confidently expected that 50,000 of them at least are able to fight with the insurgent army.

In the same year (1862) the productions of the island amounted to $305,000,000. The taxes derived on duties amounted to $37,750,000; the exports to $57,400,000; imports to $43,400,000; making a total of exports and imports of $100,800,000. The present trade amounts to over $170,000,000 per annum. The value of the rural wealth in 1862 was $381,000,000; wealth of towns and cities, $120,000,000; and the wealth of industry and commerce amounted to $774,000,000. The same year the sugar production was valued at $62,000,000; tobacco crop at $15,000,000; other productions at $52,000,000.

From these few statistics may be had some idea of the great importance of Cuba and the tenacity with which the Spaniards have held to it, and the determination they are evincing in the midst of their dissensions at home, to yet cling to the "faithful isle." A glance at the army the Cubans can bring to the field, however, evidences the power they possess, and with organization and the determination to do or die, none can doubt the ultimate result.

The State Department is in receipt of news from our Consul General at Havana, which gives some authentic information regarding the status of affairs in Cuba.

He states that the prospects of the insurgents are fully as good as those of the Spaniards, and that both parties are constantly receiving reinforcements—the former from natives and parties in the United States, etc., and the latter from Spain. He complains that his duties in protecting American citizens against the tyrannical exercise of power by the Spaniards are increasing, and suggests that the number of vessels in our West India squadron should be increased. The war steamer Seminole, now at Boston; the Galena, now at Portland, and the Juniata, at Philadelphia, have accordingly been ordered to prepare themselves for duty in that squadron forthwith. It was originally intended that several iron-clads should be detailed for this duty, but the above named vessels have been ordered, substituting them for economy's sake, as the expense of maintaining iron-clads is very heavy. Nevertheless the iron-clads will be sent if necessary.

Senor Morale Lemus, the envoy of the insurrectionary Government, has gone to New York, where he will remain until the middle of this week. His business there is understood to be to arrange for the sale of bonds of the provisional Government which he represents, and he will doubtless extend his arrangements for that purpose to Philadelphia and other cities of the Union.

COTTON.

Speculations and Prophecies Concerning the Crop of 1869.

From the Savannah (Ga.) Republican.]

This is now the subject of much speculation and prophecy. The crop of last year is a fixed fact; its figures are known, at least to the extent of approximation, and the question of value settled by the law of supply and demand. This latter decree is extremely repugnant to the speculators and spinners, and it is astonishing with what pertinacity they resort to expedients to set it aside. The arguments drawn from estimates of quantity, so far as the incoming crop is concerned, having failed, they now seek to depress the market by creating the impression that a very large crop is to succeed it. Under the most advantageous circumstances the argument is next to worthless, in view of the contingencies that surround everything in the future. A bad stand, a late frost in the spring, a wet summer, the worms and caterpillars, an early frost in the fall, are all natural disasters that may come upon the planter, to say nothing of the difficulties of production growing out of the present disorganization of labor.

But, reasoning from facts and probabilities, these prophecies of a heavy crop in 1869 are wholly at fault. There are no satisfactory grounds upon which such an estimate can be based. Under the very best of circumstances we do not believe that the crop can be made to exceed if to reach, 3,000,000 bales, and in our judgment, formed upon a pretty accurate knowledge of the condition of planting interests of the South, it will fall fully half a million short of that figure, even allowing no natural disaster to overtake it. We have already discussed the matter in a previous number of the *Republican*, but as the contrary opinion is persistently presented in order to influence the market and cut short the receipts of the planter, it may not be amiss again to present the reasons that influence our opinion.

One of these reasons is to be found in the remarkable but sure and steady reduction of the amount of labor devoted to the cultivation of cotton. Nor is this confined to any particular section; the complaint comes from every cotton growing State from California to Texas, that the planters have failed to procure the requisite and usual force for their year's operations.

In the second place, it is not true, as asserted, that, demented by the high prices of the present day, the planters have determined to abandon the cereals to a very great extent, and devote themselves to the production of the staple. Some few may have grown wild on the subject, but the great body of our agriculturists are shrewd, observing men, and have learned from experience that it is folly to buy bread and bacon. Those who have made all these in the proper proportion have prospered most, while their neighbors who have looked to the Northwest for their bread and meat have never failed to come out second best in the race. They know, too, that a small crop of cotton will bring them as much money as a large one, and therefore cannot see the necessity for glutting the markets of the world with their products.

Another reason under this head is to be found in the fact that the great body of Southern planters contract with the negroes for work on shares, and the negro, being averse to planting cotton any way, will not do it to the exclusion of a bountiful supply of breadstuffs. His main point is subsistence, which secured, he is willing to devote the rest of his energies to making something for market.

In the third place, whatever amount of cotton may be produced under the most favorable circumstances the true basis of estimate for the crop is the quantity that will be picked out. This is the most difficult of all services required of the negro, and one to which he has the greatest aversion. Even though four millions of bales should be produced we have no idea that more than two and a half to three millions would be gathered from the field by the present amount of labor. Every experienced planter will bear us out in this opinion.

For these reasons, and others that we might name, we are convinced that the estimates of the crop of 1869, as given out from New York and Liverpool, are extravagant and wholly unreliable. The last year was most favorable for the production of cotton throughout the South, with a single exception—the caterpillar, which infested a small portion of the South—and we believe that if the actual crop be taken as a basis, plus the amount destroyed by insects in Georgia, Alabama and Florida, we shall have a crop that is equal to the capacity of our labor, constituted as it is at the present day; and the prospect is for deterioration rather than for improvement. The increased used of fertilizers will, in our opinion, not more than compensate for the reduced amount and efficiency of labor.

A TERRIBLE CRIMINAL.

An Angel-Maker of Montauban, France.

From the Paris (France) European Times, of March 13.]

Nothing more horrible in the history of heartless crime than the massacre of the innocents at Montauban, near Toulouse. The state of society revealed is only equalled by the length of time such a series of crimes could have remained undetected. A known criminal, named Delpech, of the worst repute, and the keeper of an infamous house, is fifty-two years of age—tall, corpulent, repulsive and loathsome. She took to "baby-farming" as a livelihood, and truly boasted that infants once entering her house never left it. She undertook to place some of the little strangers at an asylum at Bordeaux, and a mother going to visit her child, and finding it was never sent there, led to the discovery of Delpech's proceedings. This wretch received infants to nurse—she drowned them in a basin of water, "scooped a shallow grave" for them in the kitchen, or under the stairs, or threw them down the water-closet. When the grave was too small, she cut the bodies into morsels, left them in other cases to be devoured by rats, threw them to the pigs, and it is suspected even eat portions of them. She was equal to the deed. She confessed having murdered nine children, and the skeletons of seven were exhibited in Court. Her own daughter's debauchery she connived at, and killed her new-born grand-child by pouring vitriol down its throat. She desired to practice abortion; brought her daughter to another prisoner, named Coyne, to have the operation performed; learned the manner of committing this crime, invented horrible instruments to practice, and tried "her prentice hand" on her own daughter. These instruments, along with bottles, boxes and other articles of her odious arsenal were displayed in Court. She gave her services for two pounds of brown sugar, but the woman Coyne never received a lower fee than one hundred chestnuts and a pair of fowls. She was religious into the bargain, having attended Mass on last Christmas Eve, and received the Sacrament! During the trial she gloated in confessing how she killed the infants, mangled their bones and stifled their cries. She indulged in idiotic laughter throughout, which the Judge could not repress, nor the announcement of her husband's death induce a cessation. She put on huge spectacles to make herself comical, and begged snuff from the bar, to exhibit her friendliness. But strange, this wretch was in the habit of soliciting young girls to submit to abortion, advising them to sin without fear, as she could destroy the evidence of lost virtue. All this open, and yet not discovered! Coyne was a midwife, aged thirty-eight, and of striking beauty. She was known as the "beautiful prisoner." She was a simple abortion-practitioner, and in other cases recommended women whom she attended to send their offspring to the ogress Delpech, dividing the profits of the nursing fees. Eight women were placed at the bar, but Delpech and Coyne were the central figures. The jury, after three hours' deliberation, brought in a verdict of guilty, with extenuating circumstances for Delpech; guilty, without these, for Coyne; acquitted one, and found the remaining five—aiders and abettors—guilty. Nothing was left to the Judge but to sentence Delpech to transportation for life, and Coyne for ten years. The others for lesser periods. It is quite plain that in the case of women, the pain of death is practically abolished in France. No criminal more righteously deserved the guillotine than Delpech. Society would have been relieved by having her put out of its sight thus effectively. She was religious; she was polite, too, for in bidding the outer world farewell, she sent kisses of adieu to the audience. The lady part of the spectators—some of them titled—have supped full of horrors, and ought to be contented for a long time.

CESPEDES.

The Leader of the Cuban Insurgents.

Correspondence of the New York World.]

Carlos Manuel Cespedes was born about forty-five years ago, in the town of Bayamo, Cuba. The first twelve years of his life were spent with his parents, who resided on a plantation in the vicinity. With them he only learned the first rudiments of reading, writing and arithmetic, while at the same time he indulged in those hardy employments and health-giving games which are consequent to a life in a country naturally mountainous and full of forests. His family having moved when he was twelve years of age to the town of Bayamo, Carlos Manuel was sent there to school for the first time. A few days after the commencement of his studies there, he gave proofs of an extraordinary mental activity and intellectual talents, leaving behind him the most advanced of the scholars in the school, and being recognized by them as the head of the institution. When eighteen years of age he went to Havana, with the object of prosecuting his studies there for the law profession. His great intellectuality was further developed there, at the same time that numerous personal affairs gave him an opportunity to show his active, courageous and tenacious disposition, giving an indication then that he would be as "great in war as in peace." Graduating as attorney-at-law in Europe, where he went afterwards, and receiving the greatest university honors, he returned to Cuba and fixed his residence at Mansanillo. His powers of eloquence, energy, and his knowledge soon made him the most popular man in the vicinity, and entitled him to rank as the first lawyer in that part of the country. But of all traits in his character generosity marks an important one, and will give a luster to all his future actions. The fortune which he inherited from his father, the wealth which he amassed by his industrious exertions, and his future prospects of increasing it, would have secured him a life full of comfort and ease; but his patriotic heart could not support longer the sight of his country in chains and the victim to the outrages of the tyrannical Spanish Government. Inspired by a heroic resolution, he gives freedom to all his slaves, abandons his sugar estates to the merciless fury of his Spanish foes, who burn them all in revenge, and, sacrificing all on the altar of liberty and independence, with the noblest motives he inaugurated the revolution in Cuba at the head of one hundred patriots—a movement which now counts in its ranks the whole native population of the island. To the present he has shown in all his acts the fullest energy, an untiring constancy, and the greatest moderation in the exercise of the discretionary powers conferred on him by the unanimous accord of all Cubans. When we see men of this stamp, supported by all the natives of Cuba, and that they, without arms and ammunition of any consideration, and by their unaided efforts not only have been able to withstand the advance of the Spanish foe, but have repeatedly defeated them, and at last obtained possession of almost all the land, then it becomes impossible for us to doubt of the final triumph of liberty and the prevailing of American institutions in the "Gem of the Antilles."

LEOPOLDO YZQUIERDO.

SENTER IMITATES BROWNLOW.

Annulment of Registration in Madison and Shelby.

The following proclamation, says the Nashville *Banner* of Wednesday, was issued by the Governor yesterday. What legal grounds there are for such a pronunciamento is not known, but it is naturally inferred that the Radical officials had been so manipulating the registration business in the interests of party that the Governor was forced to interfere. How could "frauds and irregularities" occur except through Radical agencies, with the whole machine run to the tune of "party" music? Some, however, surmise that the coming Judicial election has something to do with Senter's manifesto, and that it need not be at all surprising if it was found necessary to wipe out the registration in a score of counties, *a la* Brownlow, in order to advance the interests of "loyalty." But to the proclamation:

"EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, NASHVILLE, TENN., March 30, 1869.

"Whereas, By an act of the General Assembly, passed on the 8th day of March, 1867, it was declared that 'when it shall appear to the satisfaction of the Governor that frauds and irregularities have intervened in the registration of voters in any county of this State, the Governor shall make known such fact and set aside said registration by proclamation,' and

"Whereas, It has been made to appear to the satisfaction of the Governor that frauds and irregularities have intervened in the registration of voters in our county of Madison;

"Now, therefore, I, D. W. C. Senter, Governor of the State of Tennessee, by virtue of the power conferred, and in discharge of the duties imposed upon me by said act, do hereby set aside and declare null and void all registration of voters heretofore had in said county of Madison.

"In testimony whereof I have hereunto subscribed my name, and caused the great seal of the State to be affixed at the department in Nashville, this 29th day of March, A. D., 1869.

"D. W. C. SENTER."

Another and similar proclamation was also issued declaring null and void all registration of voters heretofore had in Shelby county, for the alleged reason that frauds and irregularities had intervened in the registration of voters in that county. The present Commissioner of Registration is directed to proceed at once to register said county in accordance with the law.

THE CHIEF OF "SALTS."

He is Down on Gew-Gaws and Gold Lace.

From the New York Herald.]

Some of our contemporaries are making merry over the late General Order No. 90 of the Navy Department, changing again the insignia of rank throughout the navy, from Admiral down to Midshipman, from Captain to Carpenter and Sailmaker. But, in truth, this matter, to those whom it concerns, is by no means trivial. The uniform question is a leading one with all men whose duties compel them to wear a uniform, from postmen to policemen, from firemen to Freemasons, from militiamen to volunteers, and so on to regular troops of both army and navy. To sailors, soldiers and civilians, we say, in camp, in court and on quarter-deck, the question of uniform, and, above all, that of insignia of rank, is one of constant discussion.

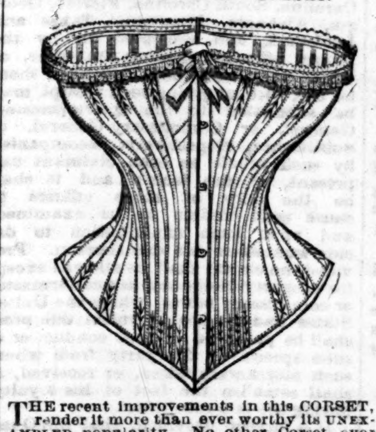
Now, it so happens that the tendency in these matters is toward profuse show. Often in war times, when deeds are more conspicuous than rank, there is a revulsion toward simplicity in dress—the gorgeous epaulette gives way to a plain shoulder-strap, the cocked hat to the kepi—and a General is sometimes caught out on his picket line in an old gray blouse, with nothing external to distinguish him from his men. But the ordinary tendency is the other way—toward enormous swathes of gold lace, especially in the navy.

Secretary Borie's order is directed toward simplicity. It is a good one, and called for by the present array and display of gold bands about coat-cuffs. A very high naval officer's arm had got to looking like a barber's pole. The matter, however, is now simplified. Formerly, also, it would require much knowledge and narrow inspection to determine whether an officer was of the staff or line; but now, however, the staff, as in the English navy, are to wear colored cloth between the stripes of gold lace around the sleeve—medical officers cobalt blue, paymasters white, and engineers red. This order displays a practical knowledge of the necessities of the service, and, with the exception of the changed insignia of rank, it leaves the uniform of the navy as before.

CORSET.

Thomson's Patent "Glove Fitting."

THE ONLY PERFECT CORSET.



THE recent improvements in this CORSET, render it more than ever worthy its UNEXAMPLED popularity. No other Corset ever achieved such a BRILLIANT SUCCESS in so short a time. For sale by all first-class dealers.

THOMSON, LANGDON & CO.,
391 Broadway, N. Y.,
Sole Patentees for the United States.
mr4 tu th sa

SEEDMEN.

R. D. WARD & CO.,

— DEALERS IN —

SEEDS,

FERTILIZERS,

Agricultural Implements, Etc.

232 Main St., Memphis.

AGENTS FOR

BUCKEYE } CULTIVATOR, GRAIN DRILL, CIDER PRESS,

Excelsior Reaper and Mower,

Elmwood Nursery, Etc., Etc.

mh4

JOHN REED,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER, No. 62 Jefferson Street, entrance in alley. Special attention given to Stair Work. Houses and Verandahs framed ready for shipping [revd

BANKS AND BANKING

FIRST

NATIONAL BANK

OF MEMPHIS.

DIRECTORS:

B. EISMAN,	NEWTON FORD,
F. S. DAVIS,	W. W. THATCHER,
C. P. NORRIS,	W. P. PROUDFIT,
G. H. JUDAH,	W. W. YOUNG,
J. N. OLIVER,	W. R. MOORE,
C. F. SMITH,	J. W. JEFFERSON,
C. C. PARTEE.	

F. S. DAVIS,
President.
C. P. NORRIS,
ja26 Vice-President.

INSURANCE.

Statement of the Condition

— OF THE —

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY

— OF —

NEW HAVEN, CONN.,

JANUARY 1, 1869.

Capital Stock	$1,000,000 00
Surplus	622,974 39
Tot Assets	$1,622,974 39

ASSETS.

	Market value.
Real estate owned by the Company	$205,500 00
Loans on bond and mortgage	37,374 98
United States 5-20 bonds	325,875 00
Missouri State "	19,950 00
Tennessee " "	16,900 00
Wisconsin " "	12,000 00
Virginia " "	17,468 60
National Bank stocks	361,189 50
Canada "	34,373 75
Cash on hand and in bank	70,818 58
Cash in agents' hands and in course of transmission	230,108 36
Interest accrued	37,463 25
Bills redeemable	41,370 75
Premiums unpaid at home and branch offices	109,041 80
Rent accrued	2,302 00
Salvages on fire and inland losses undetermined	51,451 44
All other property of the Company	25,971 88
	$1,622,974 39

LIABILITIES.

Losses unadjusted and not due........... $68,632 00

Subscribed and sworn to by
D. R. SATTERLEE, President.
WM. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

STATE OF TENNESSEE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, NASHVILLE, January 1, 1869. }

I, G. W. Blackburn, Comptroller of the Treasury, do hereby certify that the Home Insurance Company, located at New Haven, in the State of Connecticut, has produced to me satisfactory evidence that said Company has complied with all the requirements of the laws of the State of Tennessee imposed on Insurance Companies; and I further certify that H. T. Tomlinson, Agent of said Company, has also complied with the requirements of the laws of the State, made and provided in such cases:

Wherefore, said Home Insurance Company has authority to take risks and transact the business of insurance in this State, at Memphis, Tennessee.

G. W. BLACKBURN,
Comptroller of Tennessee.

H. T. TOMLINSON, AGENT,

No. 17 Madison Street,

mh27 MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Statement of the Condition

— OF THE —

INTERNATION'L

INSURANCE CO.,

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

— ON THE —

31st Day of December, 1868.

THE name of the Company is "INTERNATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY," It is located in the city of New York.

The amount of its Capital Stock is	$ 500,000
The amount of its Capital Stock paid up is	500,000

The Assets of the Company are as follows:

Cash on hand and in the hands of Agents or other persons		$ 37,433 82
Real Estate unincumbered		None.
Bonds owned by the Company, to-wit:		
U. S. 5-20 Bonds, par value	$526,500	
U. S. 10 40 Bonds, par value	104,000	
U. S. Six per ct., 30 year Bonds,	215,000	
Virginia State Bonds	37,100	
New York County Bonds	8,500	
	$891,100	
Market value		$903,432 50
Loans on Bonds and Mortgage, being the first lien on unincumbered Real Estate, worth double the amount loaned		$ 8,000 00
Debts otherwise secured		192 800 00
Debts for Premiums		21,892 99
All other Securities		14,433 93
Total Assets		$1,177,492 74

Liabilities:

Amounts due or not due to banks or other creditors	None.
Losses adjusted and due	None.
Losses adjusted and not due	None.
Losses unadjusted and Losses in suspense, waiting for further proof	$155,797 90
All other claims against the Company	19,838 10
Total Liabilities	$175,636 00

The greatest amount insured in any one risk, The greatest amount allowed by the rules of the Company to be insured in any one city, town or village, The greatest amount allowed to be insured in any one block,

[No arbitrary rule on these points. This Company is governed by a prudent regard for the construction, occupancy and exposure of risks.]

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK. } ss.

GEORGE W. SAVAGE, President, and WILLIAM J. HUGHES, Secretary, of the International Insurance Company, of the City of New York, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the foregoing is a full, true and correct statement of the affairs of said Company; that the said Insurance Company is the bona fide owner of at least One Hundred Thousand Dollars of actual Cash Capital, invested in State and United States Stocks and Bonds, or in Bonds or Mortgages of Real Estate, unincumbered and worth double the amount for which the same is mortgaged; and that they are the above-named officers of said Insurance Company.

GEORGE W. SAVAGE, Pres't.
[L. S.] WILLIAM J. HUGHES, Sec'y.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 25th day of January, 1869. As Witness, my hand and official seal.

[L.S.] THOMAS L. THORNELL, Notary Public.

STATE OF TENNESSEE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, NASHVILLE, January 1, 1869. }

I, G. W. Blackburn, Comptroller of the Treasury, do hereby certify that the International Insurance Company, located at the city of New York, in the State of New York, has produced to me satisfactory evidence that said company have complied with all the requirements of the laws of the State of Tennessee imposed on insurance companies, and I further certify that S. R. CLARKE & CO., agents of said company, have also complied with the requirements of the laws of the State, made and provided in such cases:

Wherefore, said International Insurance Company has authority to take risks and transact the business of insurance in this State, at Memphis, Tenn.

G. W. BLACKBURN,
Comptroller of Tennessee.

S. R. Clarke & Co.

AGENTS,

No. 18 Knickerbocker Building,

Madison Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE

mh25

B. J. SEMMES & CO.

NO. 254 SECOND STREET,

Irving Block, - - Memphis, Tenn.

HAVE FOR SALE IN STORE AND IN BOND,

600

BARRELS

YANNISSEE, WESTMORELAND,

AND OTHER BRANDS WHISKEY.

IRVING BLOCK.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

YANNISSEE WHISKEY

HAVING LEARNED THAT PARTIES IN LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI AND THIS CITY pretend to sell the "Yannissee" Whisky, we hereby give notice that we will bring suit for damages against any RESPONSIBLE party we may discover attempting to sell this brand of Whisky, and will publish them as selling a SPURIOUS article. We have had the sole use and control of the "Yannissee" brand for nearly twenty years, and none is genuine without our brand on the barrels.

B. J. SEMMES & CO.

M. MAGEVNEY, Late of A. Vaccaro & Co.
J. W. ROGAN, Late of A. J. Roach & Co.

MAGEVNEY & ROGAN,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

— AND DEALERS IN —

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, TOBACCO CIGARS, ETC

320 FRONT STREET, - MEMPHIS, TENN.

NEW YORK.

JOHN S. DANCY, Tarboro, N. C.
F. M. HYMAN, Late of Warrenton, N. C.
T. B. HYMAN, Late of New York.

HYMANS & DANCY,

General Commission Mercha'ts

No. 47 Wide Water Street,

(Rear of Custom House), - NORFOLK, VA

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.

General Commission Merchants

No. 24 Exchange Place, New York.

REFERENCES.—M. J. Wicks, President M. and C. R. R.; W. C. McClure, Cashier Savings Bank of Memphis; Dr. C. W. Malone, Memphis.

Cotton sold in Norfolk or New York, at option of owner. ONLY ONE COMMISSION CHARGED. del8 6m

DEAN, McGINNIS & CO.,

No. 4 Broad Street, New York,

Bankers & Commission Merchants.

S. SCHIFFER & NEPHEWS,

39 Vesey Street, New York.

Liberal advances will be made by the undersigned on all shipments of Cotton to the above houses.

J. A. BRIDGLAND,

Office, 1st National Bank.

nov7 3m

WATCHES.

WALTHAM

Watches!

THE extensive use of these watches for the last fifteen years by Railway Conductors, Engineers and Expressmen—the most exacting of watch-wearers—has thoroughly demonstrated the strength, steadiness, durability and accuracy of the Waltham Watch. To satisfy that class in all these respects, is to decide the question as to the real value of these time-keepers.

More than 400,000 of these watches are now speaking for themselves in the pockets of the people—a proof and a guarantee of their superiority over all others.

The superior organization and great extent of the Company's Works at Waltham, enable them to produce the watches at a price which renders competition futile, and those who buy any other watch, merely pay from 25 to 50 per cent. more for their watches than is necessary.

We are now selling Waltham Watches at less prices in greenbacks, than the gold prices before the war. There is no other manufacture of any kind in the United States of which this can be said.

These time-pieces combine every improvement that a long experience has proved of real practical use. Having had the refusal of nearly every invention in watchmaking originating in this country, or in Europe, only those were finally adopted which severe testing by the most skillful artisans in our works, and long use on the part of the public, demonstrated to be essential to correct and enduring time-keeping.

Among the many improvements we would particularize:

The invention and use of a center-pinion of peculiar construction, to prevent damage to the train by the breakage of main-springs, is original with the American Watch Company, who having had the refusal of all other contrivances, adopted Fogg's Patent Pinion as being the best and faultless.

Hardened and tempered hair-springs, now universally admitted by Watchmakers to be the best, are used in all grades of Waltham Watches.

All Waltham Watches have dust-proof caps, protecting the movement from dust, and lessening the necessity of the frequent cleaning necessary in other watches.

Our new patent stem-winder, or keyless watch, is already a decided success, and a great improvement on any stem-winding watch in the American market, and by far the cheapest watch of its quality now offered to the public.

To prevent imposition, buyers should invariably demand a certificate of genuineness. No watches retailed by the Company.

For further facts and information, address

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
General Agents,
182 Broadway, New York.

feb13 sat

HOTELS.

WALTERS' NATIONAL HOTEL

NORFOLK, VA.

J. M. WALTERS, PROPRIETOR. A STRICTLY first-class house. sep18 6m

ST. LOUIS.

TO THE

HARDWARE TRADE

OF THE WEST.

We are now manufacturing a full line of French Tinned and Polished

Iron Ware

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Lipped and Strong Sauce Pans, Ladles, Dippers, Deep and Flat Skimmers, Dish Pans, Milk Pans, Drinking Cups, Gold Pans, Polished and Common Fry Pans,

Suitable and desirable for Household and Miners' use.

We guarantee the quality equal in every respect, and superior in some, to any French Ware made in New York or elsewhere.

TERMS CASH at NEW YORK PRICES

Which saves to the Western buyer not only cost of transportation, but much time in getting good.

ADDRESS FOR NEW PRICE LIST:

Excelsior Manufacturing Co.,

612 AND 614 N. MAIN STREET,

mh19 ST. LOUIS, MO.

HAYDEN, WILSONS & ALLEN,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

SADDLERY HARDWARE,

CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,

BENT TOCK, LEATHER, Etc.

No. 512 North Main St.,

ST. LOUIS, - - - - MISSOURI

feb7 d&w

THREAD.



PURCHASERS OF

J. & P. COATS' THREAD,

WILL OBSERVE THAT THEIR

BEST SIX CORD

Is put up for the American market only in wrappers with the above trade-mark, and with the name of ANDREW COATS, General Agent for the United States, on the reverse label of each spool.

Great care has been taken to adapt the thread so put up to

SEWING MACHINE USE.

All numbers will be found uniformly true to standard, and stronger and smoother than ever before.

The wholesale trade supplied by

JOHN & HUGH AUCHINCLOSS,

Sole Agents in New York for J & P. COATS, of Paisley, Scotland.

feb20

NURSERY.

WHEATON NURSERY,

HORN LAKE ROAD,

1 1-2 Miles South of Memphis,

A fine selection of

Fruit and Ornamental Trees,

Green House Plants, Etc.,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

OWING to the increase of my stock, and in order to make room for young stock, I will give great inducements to purchasers, and allow a liberal margin to DEALERS AND OTHERS IN THE TRADE. ALL VARIETIES

Warranted True to Name.

All orders carefully packed, with only a small charge for packing, and delivered, at depots or any place in the city. We will exchange Nursery Stock for improved real estate.

Leave orders for Bouquets one day in advance at R. G. Craig & Co.'s, 379 Main street

Address J. A. BREWER, Agent,
feb24 or WADDY THOMPSON, Prop'r

TO THE PUBLIC.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY APPEAL, one year....$10 00
WEEKLY APPEAL, one year....2 50

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Transient advertisements having the run of the paper, first insertion $1; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per Square.
Advertisements in Want or Rent column, 10 cents per line each insertion.
Monthly advertisements, $8 for first and $4 for each additional square.
Advertisements inserted at intervals, to be charged as new each insertion.
Monthly advertisements inserted in the SUNDAY APPEAL will be charged one-sixth additional.
Advertisements inserted in the WEEKLY will be charged half of DAILY rates.
Local Notices, 20 cents per line first insertion, and 12½ cents per line per month.
All transient advertisements, not from regular advertisers, MUST BE PAID FOR IN ADVANCE.
A Square is the space occupied by eight lines of solid nonpareil.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondence, on Public Events, solicited from every part of the United States.

AINSLIE, KEATING & CO.

MEMPHIS APPEAL

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 3, 1869

CONTENTS.

FIRST PAGE.—*Fiendish—Spain—An Expected Heir—Fabulous—Victoria—Cuba—Cotton—A Terrible Criminal—Cespedes—Senter Imitates Brownlow—The Chief of "Salts"*
SECOND PAGE.—*Leftwich vs. Smith—Appropriation for Knoxville—Credible Testimony—The Campaign Commenced—The Militia—Georgia—The Western Press—Johnson on the Situation—Telegraphic Intelligence.*
THIRD PAGE.—*The Courts—The Pattison Case—Cotton Case—Amusements—The Selma Railroad—Large Fire—National Labor Union.*
FOURTH PAGE.—*Trade and Finance—River Intelligence.*

THE SUNDAY APPEAL.

The issue of to-morrow will be one of the most interesting ever given to the public. We expect to print a large extra edition, and think it a favorable occasion for advertisers to avail themselves of the advantages of the SUNDAY APPEAL. We make special rates for the Sunday and Monday issues. The APPEAL is the only morning paper published on Monday. News dealers and others will please send in their orders early.

THE attention of merchants and cotton dealers is directed to the "Cotton Case," reported at length on our third page.

THE WESTERN PRESS.

We learn reliably that the Press Convention of Illinois, shortly to meet at Cairo, contemplate sending a delegation to the South. Memphis, Vicksburg, New Orleans and Mobile are spoken of as cities to be visited by the gentlemen to be selected, for whom the people of our city, just now attracting more attention than ever, will, we hope, make a hearty welcome. Representing the press of a section of country with which we are closely allied, they will doubtless be found worthy, and should receive the attentions and courtesies, not alone of the craft here, but of all classes.

APPROPRIATION FOR KNOXVILLE.

WHATEVER the political differences of the people of East Tennessee they work harmoniously where the advancement and prosperity of their division of the State is concerned. They believe that legislators and Congressmen are to be judged more by the appropriations they secure to be spent in their mountains than by their "talks." Just now they are felicitating themselves upon the passage of an appropriation amounting to $90,000 to be expended in the construction of a postoffice and courthouse in Knoxville. BROWNLOW informs his constituency of the fact in a sort of congratulatory letter to the Knoxville *Whig*, and gives the credit to MAYNARD. How long will it be before we can give like credit to our Congressman?

THE MILITIA.

We are happy to announce that Gov. SENTER, though showing the cloven foot in the matter of registration, is relenting in his militia policy. He has yielded to the petitions of all classes, acknowledges the generally peaceable and quiet deportment of the people of the State, and has recalled most of the militia from active service. We learn from the Nashville *Banner* of Thursday, that only five companies will be retained in service to be distributed—two in Giles county, one in Madison, Gibson and Haywood, and one each in Overton and Jackson. We agree with the *Banner* that the withdrawal of so many as ten companies of the militia will have a tendency to stimulate the energies of the people, invigorate trade, induce the employment of deserving mechanics and impart a general sense of freedom and security. But if the Governor will go farther and disband the whole posse, he will insure this and win for himself what is to be coveted beyond riches and power, the good opinion of his fellow-citizens.

THE CAMPAIGN COMMENCED.

SENTER, following the example of his illustrious predecessor BROWNLOW, has opened the campaign for Judicial officers, in favor of his party, by the annulment of the registration of Madison and Shelby counties. In true despotic style, he does not give any reason for this sweeping act beyond that it has been made to appear to him that "frauds and irregularities have intervened." How, with the office of Registrar in both counties filled by Radicals, and those of BROWNLOW'S selection, fraud or irregularity could occur he does not say; he simply states that such is the fact, and then orders a re-registration of the voters of the counties named to be made by the very men through whom, if there have been frauds and irregularities, they must have been perpetrated. Either these Registrars are honest men, so known to be by Mr. SENTER, and this statement of fraud to be wanting in truth, or being true he deliberately dishonors himself as the Executive of the State by continuing in office those who alone can be held responsible for fraud and irregularity in registration. This is the dilemma in which he puts himself; he he must not blame us, therefore, if we interpret it to suit ourselves and take it to mean, not that there is any foundation for his assertions of fraud, or consequent annullment of registration, but that such is the only way by which he can save his party from defeat in the approaching judicial election. He, in common with all the Radicals of the State, is alive to the importance of that party being represented upon the bench by men who have given expression to Radical views. The constitutionality, not alone of the franchise law, but of a thousand extraordinary enactments and usurpations, depends upon judicial decisions yet to be given. If the Bench is filled by men of Democratic faith or tendencies, SENTER knows that it will be no trouble for him to count the days of power that will remain to him. He knows that with a Bench at all equal to the Bar of Tennessee, his party would not stand an hour; that, commencing in the inferior courts, decision after decision would be rendered adverse to it, and that it would crumble away before the stern blows of justice, as it may in a short time, if left to the operation of those who are sapping it by their dishonesties. With such convictions, and his spirit of fair play neutralized by a strong desire for party supremacy, it is not surprising that Gov. SENTER should issue such an order as that printed in our local department. If it does not convince the citizens of Memphis, a few days ago anxious for a "People's ticket," of the folly of their movement, or, indeed, of any movement based upon Radical good faith, we shall dismiss them as worse than Thomas—confirmed doubters.

LEFTWICH VS. SMITH.

We have no doubt that Dr. LEFTWICH will make a good fight against the man who usurps his place in the Forty-first Congress. He knows who and what he has to contend against, and will work all the harder and more perseveringly that obstacles are thrown in his path. We would not have him abate one jot of effort, though we are thoroughly convinced that his case is a foregone conclusion with those who are his judges, and through whom he expects to be justified. We say to him, make the effort, notwithstanding the House has just proven its partisan bias by refusing a seat to REED, in the face of his majority of 3000 over HOGUE, and to HUNT, of Louisiana, with his majority of 9000 over SHELDON. In face of these facts, and of the prompt admission of SMITH, it looks as if it were a hopeless case for any Democratic contestant. Still we advise that every effort be made to unseat Radicals like SMITH, fairly beaten at elections over which they presided as masters.

JOHNSON ON THE SITUATION.

A special dispatch to the Louisville *Courier-Journal*, dated at Nashville, March 31, gives the following as Ex-President JOHNSON'S views upon the propriety of a Democratic Gubernatorial canvass, and in explanation of the tour through the State which he will commence to-day at Knoxville:

It is definitely ascertained that Johnson is stoutly opposed to the Democratic Gubernatorial canvass, with the franchise law left where it is by the Supreme Court, and the Radical ranks presenting an undivided front. Defeat, he thinks, under the circumstances, would badly damage the Conservative cause, and possibly put off enfranchisement for two or three years. One object of his forthcoming addresses is intended more as a sort of review or vindication of his Presidential career, than as campaign speeches. If there is any possible chance of Conservative success, however, in a direct canvass, Johnson is bound to give his stump efforts a direction that will have a direct and telling effect. A few weeks will determine whether or not there will be a canvass.

CREDIBLE TESTIMONY.

SPRAGUE, of Rhode Island, thus testifies of the aims and efforts of the Radical party, of which heretofore he has been a shining light:

I, for one, look back upon the past history of this country,—and the people, whatever philosophers may say, will come to the same conclusion,—has come to believe that your war has not been won for the liberties of any class of people; your war that you have just partially concluded has had no high virtuous principle at the bottom of it. It has had simple contentions for power, for place, and for occupation, commencing here in this body, and permeating throughout the country.

DON PIATT, the Radical correspondent of the Radical Cincinnati *Commercial*, adds this mite to the same purport:

With Boutwell in the Treasury, and the House organized by Mr. Blaine in the interest of the New England monopolies and Pennsylvania pig iron, we of the agricultural interests of the West may hang our harps upon the willows and suffer outrage and wrong for the next four years. The vast power of the general Government will be driven with merciless vigor over our prostrate trade, to enrich the already wealthy monopolists of New England and Pennsylvania. Our grain may rot in our barns, and our sheep be killed to save the tallow and pelt, while our party has nearly two-thirds of a majority in Congress. The rich grow richer and the poor poorer. I can tell my political friends at the West that the day is not distant when all the glories of the late war, and all the noble impulses in behalf of colored humanity will not save us. A sickened and disgusted people will be sorely tempted to hand the Government over to the hated copperheads.

GEORGIA.

The following is a synopsis of the text of BEN. BUTLER'S bill for the reconstruction of Georgia, agreed to by a majority of the Committee on Reconstruction and to be reported to the House:

That, as the Legislature of said State has refused to purge itself of members who are such in violation of the fourteenth amendment, and that as a majority of the Legislature, in violation of the Federal Constitution and that of the State and of the fundamental principles upon which Congress consented to the restoration of said State, expelled from the Legislature the qualified members thereof on the sole ground that they were of African blood, and admitted thereto other persons not receiving a majority of the votes in their places, and that in consequence of protection not being afforded to the lives, liberty and property of the people, whereby it appears that the people of Georgia have not complied with or conformed to the terms under which they were reported; therefore

Be it Enacted, etc., That the Legislature originally elected, including negroes, shall re-assemble, and every person claiming to be elected shall subscribe to oaths of office prescribed by law for officers of the United States, and by the constitution and laws of Georgia; but members disqualified by the fourteenth amendment, whose disabilities have not been removed, shall not be admitted, but shall be regarded as ineligible; and false swearing may be punished as perjury under the United States laws before the District Court. The third section declares the expulsion of negro members void. The fourth section enacts that those who shall exercise the duties of any office, legislative, judicial, executive or administrative, being disqualified by reason of participation in the rebellion, direct or indirect, unless his disabilities have been removed by Congress, shall, on conviction, be punished by imprisonment of not less than one year or more than five, and be forever disqualified from holding any office of honor or profit under the laws of the United States.

The bill also provides for keeping United States troops in the State to carry this act into full execution, and the military officers shall respond to the demand of the Governor for aid and assistance in the administration of the government and the protection of life and property, and the administration of justice in the said State.

Against this infamous measure, attributed to the scheming and plotting of Gov. BULLOCK, even the ultra Radicals of Georgia are remonstrating. The same dispatch that conveys the above, states that a delegation of this stripe of Georgians, headed by one Col. BRYAN, formerly of the Federal army, was heard by the Committee on the question of Georgia's reconstruction, and in the course of his remarks BRYAN is reported to have said that "He opposed this bill "and the general policy of the Radicals "in Congress in reference to the State of "Georgia, which, if carried out, would, in "his opinion, make a second Poland or a "second Ireland of the State. He said "the people of Georgia, including rebels, "were well disposed, and desired harmony, but the mischievous legislation "proposed would not only overthrow the "Republican party in the State, but "drive the people to desperation, and "none could foretell the disasters to follow. He censured Gov. BULLOCK, to "whom he attributed the defeat of the "fifteenth amendment in the Georgia "Senate, and added, if unlimited power "was placed in his hands, as proposed "by this bill, incalculable injury would "be done to the State and country." Nothing could be stronger by way of refutation, condemnation and appeal, and yet the infamy progresses. Truth, decency and fair-play, are always at a discount where BUTLER'S is concerned.

By Telegraph

ARKANSAS.

The State Debt to be Funded.

Legislature to Adjourn on the Tenth.

Penitentiary Matters—River Survey, Etc.

Special to the Memphis Daily Appeal.]

LITTLE ROCK, April 2.—The House yesterday passed the bill funding the State debt, by a vote of 34 to 18.

Both Houses to-day passed a resolution to adjourn *sine die* on the 10th inst.

Hodges, Seay and Ayliffe, Penitentiary contractors, sent in a protest, through the Governor, against failure on the part of the State to appoint some one to take charge of the Penitentiary on the 1st of April, and prevent the escape of the convicts. They say they no longer consider themselves contractors under the State.

Weather clear and cool. Arrived, the steamer Ft. Gibson from Cincinnati, and the American from Ft. Smith. River rising.

The U. S. survey boat, in charge of Maj. Abert, has reached Fort Smith, having completed the survey of the Arkansas river from Ft. Gibson to that place. A survey to the mouth of the river will immediately be commenced.

The storm Wednesday night prostrated one of the masts of the telegraph crossing at Devall's Bluff, causing serious interruption to the line. It is working again. B.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The House Committee on the Pacific Railroad, at their session this morning, received the rest of the papers required from the Treasury Department, as relating to the recent issuance of bonds to the Central Pacific Railroad Company. Several documents were read on both sides, and the committee then adjourned to next Tuesday, to allow time for printing all the evidence for their use.

The session of the Committee on Banking and Currency was mainly occupied in listening to the statements of the Comptroller of the Currency and Mr. Finkelburg.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue was sent for this morning, to appear before the Senate Finance Committee, in order that the committee might obtain his views relative to the proposed change in the tax on tobacco, as embodied in the House bill now before the Senate.

Dispatches from Admiral Hoff, commanding the West India squadron, say that a proclamation was issued on the 24th ult., by the Captain-General of Cuba, relative to the blockade runners or vessels seized in Spanish waters or upon the free seas near the Island, having cargoes of men, arms, ammunition or material that may in any way contribute to ferment or produce insurrection in the provinces, whatever may be their point of proceeding or destination, and after a previous examination of their papers and registers, they will be in effect, considered enemies to the Territory and treated as pirates, and in accordance with the ordinance of the Navy, all persons that shall be apprehended, or are apprehended in such vessels, in whatever number they may be, will be immediately shot.

Admiral Hoff says it is thought that the Spanish Government will immediately disavow the act, and that it will be found that the commander of the Audalesia has exceeded his instructions, or acted on his own responsibility.

The following nominations were made to-day of Collectors of Internal Revenue. E. W. McGill, for the 6th district of Tennessee; J. A. Galbreath, for the 1st district of Tennessee. For Assessors of Internal Revenue—Rev. Chas. W. Pierce, for the 1st district of Alabama; A. P. Shattuck, for the 3d district of Mississippi; B. F. Janbert, (negro), for the 1st district of Louisiana; Jas. O'Brien, for the 1st district of Tennessee. R. E. Camp, Attorney for the Eastern district of Tennessee. J. T. Foster, Collector for the 1st district of Alabama; R. M. Smith, Attorney for the Middle district of Tennessee. To be post masters—Robt. Stenduck, at Chattanooga, Tenn.; E. D. Fisher, Jackson, Miss.; Arthur J. Eggleston, Columbus, Miss.; J. S. Wofford, Corinth, Miss.

Mr. Hubbell argued before the Supreme Court to-day in the Twitchell case, but no decision will be given until Monday.

Two of the Justices of the Peace for the District of Columbia nominated yesterday are negroes.

B. F. Joubert, nominated for Assessor in Louisiana, and C. N. Wider, as Postmaster at Columbia, S. C., are also negroes.

The Senate has confirmed the nomination of George Earl, of Maryland, as First Assistant Postmaster General, vice Skinner removed.

Longstreet's nomination was discussed without result. He will be confirmed by six majority.

Gen. Howard continues in charge of the Bureau. He has reduced his force largely, and intends advancing education in the South, and to appoint one Superintendent of Education in each State.

Secretary Boutwell has given official notification that the interest coupons, payable on May the first, will now be paid on presentation at the proper offices upon a rebate of interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum.

SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 2.—New and rich developments in the silver region are causing the people to flock thither in great numbers. From ten to eleven hundred have already located there. Stormy weather still continues. The roads are almost impassable. The whole distance between Elks and Hamilton is lined with stalled trains. Wagon loads of merchandise are buried in the mud. Pneumonia prevails to an alarming extent. Several cases of small-pox at Hamilton. The Indians in the neighborhood are becoming hostile. It is suggested that if the military authorities will establish a post in the Snake or White river valley, many lives will be saved during the approaching summer. A band of Indians recently attacked a party of prospectors near Snake mountain, and killed and scalped two of them. The others escaped to camp.

Admiral Hastings has received orders from England to leave Victoria immediately, and proceed to Valparaiso with the ironclad frigate Zealous.

About 250,000 acres of Government land were sold during March at the Land office at Visalia.

The most severe shock of an earthquake since October last occurred at 5:45 this evening. As far as ascertained, there was no damage to buildings. The people are somewhat alarmed.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

LOUISVILLE, April 2.—Up—Peytona. Down—G. A. Thompson.

The weather is cloudy and raw. The river is rising at the rate of 1½ inches per hour.

CAIRO, April 2.—Up—Coosa, 10 p.m. yesterday; R. E. Lee and Mohawk 2 a.m.; Darling, 5 a.m; City of Alton, 8 a.m. Down—Lizzie Gill and Norman, 8 a.m.; Marble City, 6 p.m.

The river rose 9 inches. The weather is clear.

CINCINNATI, April 2.—Arrived—Clifton. Departed—Leonidas and J. H. Groesbeck.

The river is stationary, with 47 feet in the channel. Cloudy and freezing.

ST. LOUIS, April 2.—Arrived—Great Republic. Departed—Commonwealth and Belle Memphis.

The weather is cold and unpleasant. The river is rising steadily, here and above.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, April 2.—A letter from Lima, Peru, says that the Peruvian Minister at Washington has been instructed to settle the question at issue with Spain. All the points that cannot be settled with the Ministers of the two countries, are to be submitted to the President of the United States, whose decision shall be final.

Arrangements were perfected yesterday by the Association of the Army of the Potomac, to give a grand banquet at the Academy of Music on the 6th of July. President Grant, Sherman, Sheridan and Farragut will be present.

A large fire has been raging for the past few days in the woods between Sag Harbor and East Hampton, L. I. It has burned over five hundred acres, and caused a vast amount of damage.

Subscriptions to the amount of $50,000, for the Home for Aged and Infirm Baptists, were received at a meeting of that denomination last evening.

Hon. S. S. Cox writes from Corsica that his health is much improved.

Five thousand dollars worth of jewelry was stolen from the residence of M. Delano, two nights ago, on Twenty-ninth street. No arrests.

Cohen's clothing rooms, North's cloth warerooms, and Rothschild & Franklin's store, at 114 Chambers street, were burned last night. Loss, $10,000. Insured.

It is stated that an important and excited meeting of the vigilance committee of this city was held last night, at which a proposition was made to call out the ward organizations, march to the Tombs, and demand the surrender of the murderer Read into their hands; but after a stormy debate it was resolved to await the action of the courts and keep a close watch on the movements of the politicians in this case.

The book trade-sale yesterday was finely attended, the sales comprising many religious, historical, biographical, scientific and medical works. Good prices were obtained.

The *Times* says there is no doubt but that the House has been overreached by the Senate in the tenure-of-office business. Judge Davis and Hoar construe the new bill as leaving in the hands of the Senate a continued check upon all removals by the President.

NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, April 2.—The projected railroad from Decatur to Montgomery, Ala., was let out to contract yesterday, and the work will begin immediately. The contractors are principally Northern capitalists. The road passes through one of the richest mineral regions in the country. A large number of practical Pennsylvanians have invested largely in the lands along the line of this road.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, April 2.—Another explosion occurred at the Wiley Colliery, in Lancashire, yesterday, which killed twenty-eight persons, and badly injured many others.

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, April 2.—Gen. E. S. Webb assumed command to-day and issued an order re-instructing Gov Wells. Col. Stower has been appointed Adjutant-General of the Department.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, April 2.

SENATE.

Mr. Rice reported a bill to extend the time for the completion of the first section of the Little Rock and Fort Smith Railroad, and asked immediate action on it, which was objected to.

Mr. Howe, from the Committee on Claims, reported a bill for the settlement of claims for Quartermaster and Commissary stores furnished to, or taken by the United States within the States in rebellion during the late war. It provides that all claims for those stores, actually furnished to the United States, within the States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Texas and Louisiana, and receipted for by the proper officers receiving the same, or which may have been furnished them for use, without giving such receipt, may be submitted to the Quartermaster General, or Commissary General, of Subsistence, respectively, accompanied by such proofs as each claimant can present, of the facts; and it shall be the duty of those officers to cause such claims to be examined, and upon such examination to decide what sums are due thereon. Provided, no claims shall be allowed except for property designated as quartermaster or commissary stores, which the United States had the use of, unless due proof shall be produced of such conduct or of such speech of the party from whom such stores were taken, or received, as shall establish the fact of his loyalty, during the late rebellion.

It is further provided, that the Quartermaster General, or Commissary General, shall, at the commencement of such session of Congress submit to the House of Representatives, a report of every claim by them allowed, together with the evidence filed in support thereof; and the whole number and amount of claims examined and rejected, and the whole number and amount of claims filed and not examined; and no claim so allowed shall be paid until the money shall be appropriated by Congress. The last section provides that all such claims for quartermaster and commissary stores must be filed within two years from the enactment of this act, or be forever barred.

Mr. Sherman introduced a bill relative to the coinage of gold and silver with a view to promote uniformity in currency among nations. Referred to the Committee on Finance.

It provides for the establishment of a new standard for fineness and weight for the United States coinage, and being identical with the bill reported from the Finance Committee last year.

The Indian appropriation bill was then taken up, and Mr. Harlan, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, offered several amendments, providing for the organization of a Board of ten Commissioners, to be selected for their intelligence and philanthropy, to supervise and control the disbursements of appropriations for Indian purposes, which were modified, on the motion of Mr. Fessenden, so as not to give the Commissioners absolute control, but only a joint control with the Interior Department, under the direction of the President, and was then agreed to and the bill passed.

At 3:30 p.m. the Senate went into executive session, and after sometime spent therein, adjourned.

HOUSE.

A bill was introduced to prevent vexatious land litigations, and was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The joint resolution to purchase or lease suitable premises in New York for the staff department of the army, etc., was passed. Also one relative to the Government buildings at Fort Totton, Dacets, with amendments.

The River and Harbor appropriation bill was reported, and made the special order for to-morrow.

The Election Committee reported that S. T. Hoge is entitled *prima facie* to the seat from the Third South Carolina District, and notice was given of action on the report on next Tuesday.

The House then took up the Covode contested case, but no action was taken.

The Committee on Elections had under consideration the other South Carolina cases.

The debate on the question occupied the whole day's session, but was devoid of any feature or incident of public interest. Finally, Mr. Paine moved to recommit the whole subject, with instructions to report on the merits of the case, which was agreed to, and after some further unimportant business the House adjourned.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, April 2.—Cotton is dull and without decided change. Flour, superfine, $5 60@6 15, closing 5c lower. Wheat dull and 1@2c lower. Whisky nominal. Corn 88@94c. Rice dull; Carolina 8¾@9¾c. Coffee dull. Sugar 12@12¾c. Molasses dull.

Dry Goods—Are dull and inactive. Brown sheetings 15½@16½c. Printing cloths are held at 7¾@8c. Prints—11½c for American and Amoskeag, and 12½c for Pacific and Spragues.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, April 2.—Cotton—Receipts to-day 2 63 bales; for the week 11,531 bales. Exports to-day 2809 bales; for the week, foreign 18,322 bales; coastwise 255 bales. Stock 126 938 bales. Sales to-day 800 bales; for the week 19,800. The demand to-day was limited and prices declined ¼c. Middlings 25¼c. Gold 32c. Sterling 41½c. Commercial paper 40@40½c. New York sight ⅛@¼c premium. Flour firmer; Supefine $5 62½; XX $6 10; XXX $6 35. Corn firmer; white 77½@78c; yellow 80c. Oats advanced to 70c. Bran $1 15. Hay, prime, $27. Pork firmer at $33. Bacon quiet; shoulders 14½c; sides 17¼@17½c. Lard, dull; tierces 18¾@18½c; keg 20@20½c. Sugar dull; common 11c; prime 14c. Molasses steady; prime, 79c. Whisky dull and nominal at 85@93½c. Coffee quiet; fair 14¼@15½c; prime 17@17½c.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, April 2.—Flour dull and unchanged. Corn 64@66c. Whisky 91c. Pork $31 50. Bulk shoulders 12½c; sides 14½c. Bacon shoulders 13¾c. Rib sides 16¾c. Lard 18c. Hams 18@19c. Sugar 14@16c. Wheat dull at $1 85. Barley $1 75. Cotton dull at 27c. Rye $1 32. Coffee firm at 20@23. Potatoes 70@75c. Eggs are higher at 22c. Butter scarce at 40@45c.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, April 2.—Flour, $4 @4 50. Wheat $1 45@1 50. Corn 69@70c. Barley $1 60. Rye $1 26@1 28. Oats 58@60c. Whisky 89c. Sugar 13¼@15½c. Molasses 70@80c. Pork $30 50@32. Bacon shoulders 13¾c; sides 15¾@17½c. Hams 18@19c. Lard 18c.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, April 2.—Flour $5 60@6 30. Wheat $1 09. Corn 52¾c. Rye $1 20¾. Oats 53c. Barley $1 58@1 60. Highwines 87c. Sugar 14@16c. Molasses $1@1 05. Bulk shoulders 12c. Hams 15¾@16c. Lard 18c.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, April 2.—Tobacco active, sales 250 hhds at $1 75 a 14 00. Pork $32. Lard 18¾c; Bacon shoulders 13¾; sides 17@17¾c. Bulk shoulders 13c; sides 16@16½c. Floor $5 50@6. Corn 62@64c. Oats 60@63c. Groceries unchanged.

Foreign Markets.

LIVERPOOL, April 2.—Cotton flat. Uplands 12¾@12¾d; Orleans 12¾@12¾d; sales 8000 bales.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

FLAHERTY—The friends and acquaintances of Patrick Flaherty are requested to attend the funeral of his wife, ELLEN FLAHERTY, from his residence, 96 Second street, corner of Winchester, to-morrow (Sunday) afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

MASONIC NOTICE.—The officers and members of Leila Scott Lodge, No. 289, are requested to attend a special communication this Saturday evening, April 3, 1869, at 8 o'clock, for work in the E. A. degree.
R. W. MITCHELL, W. M.
S. STURM, Secretary. ap3

J. A. WIGGS having sold his interest in the Planing Mill and Box Factory of J. A. Wiggs & Co. to R. M. Harper, the business hereafter will be conducted by the undersigned, under the style of WIGGS & CO.
J. J. WIGGS.
R. W. HARPER.
Memphis, April 1, 1869. ap3

Notice.

HAVING this day disposed of my entire interest in the firm of Bayliss, Everitt & Co., I beg most respectfully to return my thanks to my numerous friends for their patronage. The business of the firm will continue as heretofore Bayliss, Everitt & Co.
ap3 ROBERT T. SAUNDERS.

THE PLACE TO BUY YOUR
Men's, Boys' and Children's
SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING
—AND—
FURNISHING GOODS
OF ALL KINDS, IS AT
J. D. WILLIAMS, 327 MAIN ST.

HE KEEPS UP CONSTANTLY THE LARGEST STOCK KEPT IN THE CITY, and can fit anybody from a 3-year old child to the largest man that grows. A splendid stock of Spring and Summer Goods just received and now ready for sale at very low rates, at wholesale and retail.
Call and examine.
J. D. WILLIAMS,
ap3 No. 327 Main Street.

Quick Time East

Louisville Route Always Ahead

SPRING SCHEDULE,
Commencing February 15, 1869

Double Daily Through Trains
WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS ON THE
Memphis and Louisville R. R. Line

Leave Memphis (city time)	4:45 a.m.	3:45 p.m.
Leave Memphis (railroad time)	5:00 a.m.	4:00 p.m.
Arrive at Louisville	4:00 a.m.	1:30 p.m.
" Cincinnati	11:45 a.m.	12:10 p.m.
" Indianapolis	10:00 a.m.	7:25 p.m.
" Baltimore	5:20 p.m.	2:30 a.m.
" Washington	10:00 p.m.	5:15 a.m.
" Philadelphia	4:20 p.m.	3:00 a.m.
" New York	7:00 p.m.	6:15 a.m.
" Boston	6:00 a.m.	5:05 p.m.

Morning Train from Memphis does not run on Sunday.
Leave Memphis, R. R. time... 5:00 a.m. 4:00 p.m.
Arrive at Nashville... 11:45 p.m. 6:30 a.m.
Sleeping Cars on Evening Train from Memphis to Louisville and Memphis to Nashville.

Through Tickets at Reduced Rates,

Can be procured at the Company's Office, 237½ Main street, and at Depot, head of Main street.
Baggage Checked at Depot or by the Memphis City Transfer Company; at Hotels, Private Residences, or on board boats, to all principal points East and North.
Telegraph Office in Ticket Office, 237½ Main street.
SAM. B. JONES, Superintendent.
SELL POWELL, Passenger Agent. feb21

PRICE REDUCED TO $2 50

THE MEMPHIS WEEKLY APPEAL,
THE LARGEST
Paper in the South or Southwest
33 BY 52 INCHES,
CONTAINING
40 Columns of Reading Matter,
IS FURNISHED TO
REGULAR SUBSCRIBERS

AUCTION.

UNRESERVED SALE
—OF—
FRUIT, GARDEN
—AND—
FARM LANDS
—AND A—
VALUABLE MILL SITE
NEAR THE CITY.

WE WILL SELL, WITHOUT RESERVE, to the highest bidder,

THURSDAY, APRIL 15TH

For R. J. Persons, Esq., one hundred and sixty acres of land, east of and adjoining the Norris Tract, on the Hernando road, five miles southeast of the city. The land will be sold in 40 acre tracts, each tract being part cleared and part wood land. A portion of the land runs into the valley of Nonconnah creek. For garden and fruit purposes these lands are very desirable and valuable.

Plan of subdivision may be seen at our office, and the lands shown to any parties wishing to purchase.

TERMS—Half cash, balance 12 months, without interest.

—ALSO—

250 acres situated two miles north of Germantown, extending across Wolf river—25 acres cleared, the rest heavily timbered. Raleigh and Germantown road runs through the land. The tract embraces a

VALUABLE MILL SITE

This tract will be sold without division, and on same terms as above. Plans made by Robinson & Moen, from actual survey, on file in our office.

The sale of the lands will take place at our Salesroom, northeast corner of Main and Jefferson streets; and as before announced, will be positive and without reserve, by direction of the owner.

Titles to these lands held by original grant.

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,
ap2 Auctioneers.

Auction Sale of Government Property.

POST QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, MEMPHIS, TENN., April 1, 1869.

IN compliance with instructions received from the office of the A. Q. M. General, Louisville, Ky., I will sell the Quartermaster's Stores at this Post, consisting of Fuel, Forage, Straw, Horses, Mules, Wagons, Carts, Harness, Tentage, Tools, Horse and Mule Shoes, Nails, etc., etc., at public auction, commencing THURSDAY, April 8th inst., at 10 o'clock a.m. Sale to continue from day to day until all the property is disposed of.

Terms of Sale—Treasury notes.
CASS DURHAM,
1st Lieut. 25th Infantry, and A. A. Q. M.
ap3

W. H. PASSMORE & CO.,
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
157 Main Street,
LOUISVILLE, : : KENTUCKY.

HAVING established a house, as above, in connection with the old and well-known one in Memphis, respectfully solicit from their friends and customers a share of patronage for the new house, the connection, location and facilities of which render it a valuable medium for the transaction of any business there for residents of Memphis and vicinity.

Will be happy to see their friends at the old stand, No. 231 Second street, Memphis, the business of which will be attended to with their accustomed energy and reliability.

Liberal advances on consignments to both or either house. mb30

NEW ADVERTISM'ENTS

DR. NORRIS,



OCULIST
AND AURIST,
233 Main Street,
Memphis, : : : : Tennessee.

CURES ALL DISEASES OF THE EYE AND Ear; Artificial Eyes inserted; Cross eyes made straight and natural. This operation can be performed in all cases without fail. Operates for Cataract, Artificial Pupil, Ptosis, Pterygium. Removes specks and tumors from the Eye, and everything pertaining to the Eye and Ear treated and operated for in the most skillful manner. Also, removes Nævi (or mother's mark) without the use of instruments. ap3 daw

C. N. CASE, Jr., & CO.
No. 177 Main Street,
Near Overton Hotel, Woodruff Block,
MEMPHIS, - - - - TENNESSEE.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Saddlery, Harness, Bridles, Collar
Whips and Hardware.
new stock just received. ja3

HAY,
CORN, OATS AND BRAN,
DENIE & CO.,
mh5 41 SOUTH COURT SQUARE

Sale of Real Estate.

WHEREAS, by the provisions of a deed from J. D. Williams & Co. to Guiseppe Gallino and Bernado Cunio, dated 24th August, 1865, and recorded in Book 53, part 2d, page 327, the grantors have reserved to themselves a special lien on the property therein conveyed, waiving all equities and right of redemption, and also reserving to themselves, in case of default of payment of either or all of the notes executed by the grantees for the purchase money at the maturity thereof, the power to enter and resell the land conveyed in the said deed and executing to the purchaser a good and valid title free from all equities or right of redemption in the grantees; and whereas, a part of the purchase money is now due and unpaid, we, the undersigned, grantors in the above mentioned deed, do, in pursuance of the said provision therein, hereby give notice, that after thirty days from the date of this, to-wit: on the

First Day of May Next,

We will sell, on the premises, to the highest bidder, for cash, the lot set forth in the above deed, by meets and bounds, as follows: Beginning at stake in the north side of Beal street 372 feet from the intersection of the east side of De Soto street; thence with north line of Beal street east fifty-eight (58) feet to a stake; thence north two hundred and fifty (250) feet north to a stake; thence west and parallel with Beal street fifty-eight (58) feet; thence south two hundred and fifty (250) feet to beginning—being part of block 62, subdivision South Memphis.

mh31 s J. D. WILLIAMS & CO.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of George H. Andrews, Bankrupt, In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of George H. Andrews, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Memphis, Tenn., the 30th day of March, A. D., 1869. WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
mh31 7 14 Assignee. Etc.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of West Tennessee.—In the matter of P. L. Huette & Co., bankrupts. In Bankruptcy, before Thomas J. Latham, Esq., Register.

To the creditors of the above named bankrupts; Take notice, that a third general meeting of the creditors of said bankrupts will be held at the office of said Register, in the city of Memphis, in said District, on Wednesday, the 28th day of April, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock a.m., for the purposes named in the 27th section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2, 1867.

W. Y. CIRODE, Assignee.
Memphis, March 30, 1869. mh31

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY BRANCH OF THE
KNICKERBOCKER MUTUAL LIFE INS. CO.,
AT MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE,
OFFICE, No. 18 KNICKERBOCKER BUILDING.

ASSETS, : : : : : : : $5,000,000

Policies Issued and Losses Paid at the Memphis Office.

DIRECTORS AT MEMPHIS:

HENDERSON OWEN, of Messrs. Owen, McNutt & Co.;
NEWTON FORD, of Messrs. Newton Ford & Co.
W. H. CHERRY, President Merchants National Bank;
ALBERT PIKE, Attorney at Law;
B. J. SEMMES, of Messrs. B. J. Semmes & Co.;
CHARLES C. PARTEE, of Messrs. Partee & Harbert;
CHARLES KORTRECHT, Attorney at Law;
JOHN P. TREZEVANT, of Messrs. Royster, Trezevant & Co.;
D. A. SHEPPERD, Cashier Peoples Bank;
NAT. S. GREEN, of Messrs. N. S. Green & Co.;
J. STANWOOD MENKEN, of Messrs. Menken Brothers;
M. F. KENNEDY, of Messrs. Kennedy & Russell.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS: R. W. MITCHELL, M.D., FRANK RICE, M.D

GENERAL AGENTS:

JOHN F. WILKERSON, for Tennessee;
E. A. COLE, for Mississippi;
JACK HORNE, for Arkansas;
HARDIN HOWSLEY, for Kentucky.

MANAGERS, - - - - - - - - S. R. CLARKE & CO.

SOUTHERN FURNITURE HOUSE.

McKINNEY, BRYSON & CO.

Manufacturers, Importers and Dealers in

FURNITURE, CARPETS,
CURTAIN GOODS,
MATTRESSES, ETC.
228 MAIN STREET, - MEMPHIS, TENN.

50 PIECES English (J. Crossley & Son, Halifax,) Tapestry and Body Brussels Carpets—new patterns.

75 PIECES Three-ply, Two-ply, and other qualities of Carpets.

60 PIECES Canton, White, Red and White Checked and Fancy Mattings, Cocoa Mattings, Etc.

$10,000 worth of Curtain Materials and Trimmings, English, Damasks, Reps, French and English Terrys, plain and with silk stripe—new and very desirable patterns; Brussels and Nottingham Lace Curtains.

We are in receipt of a full supply of Goods especially for the Spring Trade.

Special attention given to Window Decorating.

mh14 McKINNEY, BRYSON & CO.

New Firm.

J. G. LONSDALE, Secretary DeSoto Ins. and Trust Co.
B. F. WHITE Jr., Late of Carpenter & White, Ag'ts Conn. Mutual Life Ins. Co.
N. S. OTIS, McMahon & Otis.

J. G. LONSDALE & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS
ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
OFFICE: No. 43 Madison Street, Memphis.

WE, the undersigned, have this day formed a copartnership, under the name and style of J. G. LONSDALE, & CO., as Agents of the above named Company for WEST TENNESSEE, MISSISSIPPI, ALABAMA AND ARKANSAS.

J. G. LONSDALE,
B. F. WHITE, JR.,
ap3 N. S. OTIS.

DRY GOODS.

WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS
GREAT REDUCTION!
B. LOWENSTEIN
& BROS.
OFFER TO MERCHANTS
THIS WEEK
AN IMMENSE
NEW STOCK
OF HANDSOME
NEW STYLES!

PRINTS,
GINGHAMS,
LAWNS,
MOZAMBIQUES,
BAREGES,
ETC., ETC.

Also, a large and complete Stock

DOMESTICS,
STRIPES,
YIRKENS,
OSNABURGS,
COTTONADES,
LINENS,
WHITE GOODS,
HOSIERY,
NOTIONS ETC

AT REDUCED PRICES

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.,
Cor. Jefferson and Main Sts.

Dissolution.

WE, the undersigned, have this day, by mutual consent, dissolved our copartnership as Agents of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, F. F. White retiring. The business of the Agency will be continued by James S. Carpenter & Co., who are authorized to settle up the business of the firm of Carpenter & White.

JAMES S. CARPENTER.
April 1, 1869. B. F. WHITE, JR.

In retiring from the Agency of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, I take pleasure in recommending James S. Carpenter, my former partner in the Agency as well worthy a continuance of that liberal patronage heretofore extended to our firm.

ap2 B. F. WHITE, JR.

GROCERS.

Spicer & Sharpe,
354 MAIN STREET,
MAGEVNEY BLOCK.

KEEP A CHOICE AND SELECT STOCK OF GROCERIES for family use, and by receiving fresh additions by every packet, and almost daily by rail, their assortment is kept complete and fresh.

Choice Flour—at low prices;
The best Hams and Breakfast Bacon and Tongues;
Fresh Chocolate, Cocoa and Cocoa Shells;
Choice Teas—of all kinds;
Shaker Preserves—selling low by the case;
Syrups and Molasses—the best;
Choice Sugars and Coffees;
Mess Mackerel; Kendall's Crackers.

Families in the country and city would find it to their interest to call on us. We invariably please our patrons.

feb9 SPICER & SHARPE.

QUEENSWARE, ETC.

CHARLES N. ERICH,
Importer and Wholesale Dealer in
CHINA, GLASS
—AND—
QUEENSWARE,
No. 343 Main St., Memphis.
ja7

HARDWARE

H. M. FERGUSON. J. N. PRIVETT
FERGUSON & PRIVETT
—DEALERS IN—
SADDLERY HARDWARE
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
SADDLES AND HARNESS,
NO. 220 MAIN STREET.
feb18

ALLISON BROS.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
HARDWARE,
GUNS, CUTLERY, ETC.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
E. Carver & Co.'s Improved Cotton Gins,
MacNeale & Urban's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes,
Tennessee Charcoal and Kentucky Iron,
270 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : : : TENN.
de8 6m

To Contractors.

OFFICE MEMPHIS AND SELMA R. R. CO., MARION, ALA., April 1, 1869.

PROPOSALS will be received at this office for the grading, bridging and track-laying of forty miles of this road, north of Marion. The work is of a desirable character, and the terms cash.

Also, one hundred laborers wanted immediately on repairs.

MINOR MERRIWETHER,
Chief Engineer.

General Forrest will be at the office of the Planters' Insurance Company, in this city, until Monday, the 5th inst., and will be pleased to give information in regard to the above mentioned work to all who may desire it. ap2

FARM FOR SALE.—A splendid farm of four hundred acres—buildings, fences, agricultural implements and everything complete for cultivation this year. Situated 2½ miles north of Oak Hill Station. Superior inducements to any one wishing to purchase for cash, or good terms otherwise. For further particulars address D. W. COLLIER, Mason's Depot. mh1

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT. HENRY G. SMITH is a candidate for the office of Judge of the Supreme Court of Tennessee, at the election to be held on the 24th of May, 1869. mh27

FOR PROSECUTING ATTORNEY.—S. P. YEOMANS is a candidate for Prosecuting Attorney for Municipal Court at the May election. mh24

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL.—EDITORS APPEAL: You are hereby authorized to announce me as a candidate for Attorney-General of the Criminal Court, at the May election, subject to the action of a Democratic convention, should one be held.
mh21 GEO. E STAHL.

FOR JUDGE OF THE MUNICIPAL COURT. We are authorized to announce G. P. FOUTE as a candidate for the office of Judge of the Municipal Court of Memphis at the ensuing May election. mh18

FOR CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE.—We are authorized to announce the Hon. GEO. W. REEVES as a candidate for Judge of the Circuit Court of the 15th Judicial Circuit, at the ensuing May election. mh18

WE are authorized to announce J. P. CARUTHERS as a candidate for the office of Chancellor of this county, at the election to be held in May next. mh16

FOR JUDGE OF THE CRIMINAL COURT. To the voters of the Criminal Court District: I respectfully announce myself a candidate for re-election as Judge of that Court, on the fourth Thursday in May.
mh14 J. T. SWAYNE.

FOR JUDGE OF THE LAW COURT.—We are authorized to announce ISAAC MORRISON as a candidate for Judge of the Law Court of Memphis at the approaching May election. mh14

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT. We are authorized to announce the name of Hon. GEORGE ANDREWS, present incumbent, for the office of Judge of the Supreme Court from the Eastern Division, at the approaching judicial election. mh14

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—Two Cottages on Vance street, two Stores on Poplar, a Dwelling on Hernando street. Apply to
mh28 A. CORDES, Bethel Block.

FOR RENT.—A nice House on Beal street, No. 373. Will rent cheap. Apply at Commercial Hotel. mh28

FOR RENT.—LARGE SPLENDID FRONT OFFICE, on Front Row. Apply to JOS J. ANDREWS,
mh25 Commercial Hotel.

WANTS.

WANTED—To rent a Furnished House in a central part of the city. Address G. L., care Appeal office. mh31

WANTED.—A situation as Salesman by a young man who has been "traveling agent" for this paper. Address "B," Appeal office. mh25

WANTED.—A situation by an experienced Book-keeper. Address A. B, Appeal office. mh16

LOST--FOUND.

LOST—Monday, March 29th, on Mosby street a small BROWN TERRIER DOG, ears cut, and stripe very dark brown down the back; answers to name of Coffee. Any one bringing him to 254 Front street will be liberally rewarded. ap2

FOUND.—The lady who called to inquire if No. 144 Adams street was for rent, a few days ago, dropped a Sleeve Button, which she can obtain by calling at Appeal office. mh28

BOARDING.

A GOOD room and board for a gentleman and lady at 179 Second St. [ap3] H. LAIRD.

BOARD.—A gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, can find board in a private family, near the street cars, where there are no other boarders. References required. Address "B," Appeal office. mh25

MEMPHIS APPEAL.
Office—No. 13 Jefferson Street.

CITY MATTERS.

THAT HAT!—Francisco & Wiggin. ‡

GET your F. Y. shirts and furnishing goods direct from the manufacturers—Wiggans & Thorn, 233 Main street. †

JOB LOT of Corsets at $1 each, at M Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner of Adams. †

JOE LOCKE, 236½ Main street, has the latest news always on hand.

HUCK TOWELS, $3 per dozen, at M. Kraus & Co., 218 Main street, corner of Adams. †

FOR a good drink, go to Weatherbee's.

MEN'S British half hose, $4 50 per dozen, worth $6, at M. Kraus & Co., 218 Main street, corner of Adams.

J. H. LOEWENSTINE & Bros., Clay Building, not to be undersold, 10 4 sheetings, worth 60c., at 45c.; 1000 pieces best Sprague and Merrimack Cambric Prints, 12½ cents.

LADIES' White Cotton Hose, $1 75 per dozen—worth $3—at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner of Adams. †

MISS N. ENGLISH has just returned from New York, where by careful personal inspection, she selected a varied stock of elegant and fashionable millinery, which may be seen at her establishment, No. 230 Main street, over the Great Red store. †

LARGE lot of Linens and Cottonades, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner of Adams. ‡

BUCKEYE SALVE.—A fresh supply of the justly celebrated article for the cure of Piles, received and for sale by G. W. JONES & CO., Wholesale Druggists, 257 Main street.

STRIPED POPLINS, 50 cents per yard, worth 75 cents, at M. Kraus & Co., 218 Main street, corner of Adams. †

DIE MODENWELT, for April, and all other fashion and literary monthlies, weeklies and dailies, can be found at Joe Locke's, 236½ Main street. †

EXTRA inducements in furniture and carpets at Ames, Beattie & Co, 396 Main st. Don't fail to give them a call. †

DRESS GOODS, 25 cents per yard, at M. Kraus & Co., 218 Main street, corner of Adams. †

EVERYBODY buys his Hats at Francisco & Wiggin's. ‡

WE understand that the pews in Calvary Church will be rented on Monday evening, at 8 o'clock, in the Vestry room of the Church. ‡

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—The Emmet Bank, No. 6 Madison street, sells Exchange on England, Ireland, France, Germany, Switzerland and Italy, and on all the principal cities and towns in Europe. ‡

CITY and country merchants will find great inducements in price and terms, offered in dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes and hats, at J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., Clay Building. †

LAWNDALE 4-4 Bleached Domestic, 15c per yard, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner of Adams. †

JOE LOCKE, 236½ Main street, is the place to get your reading matter. †

ALL colors silk fringe, colored satins and new styles dress buttons, at M. Kraus & Co., 218 Main street, corner of Adams. †

ST. NICHOLAS RESTAURANT, No. 38 North Court street, is open day and night, and will furnish meals at all hours. The freshest food and latest delicacies always served up.
† WALTER & GRIFFITH.

ALL wool cassimeres at 75 cents per yard, at M. Kraus & Co., 218 Main street, corner of Adams.

BUCKEYE SALVE.—The great remedy for Piles, just received and for sale by MANSFIELD & HIGBEE, Wholesale Druggists, 301 & 303 Main st.

TEN-QUARTER bleached sheeting, 50 cents per yard, at M. Kraus & Co., 218 Main street, corner of Adams. †

CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Pattison Case.

The testimony of the witnesses introduced by the defense yesterday was confined almost altogether to the general reputation of the defendant. The first witness introduced was Mr. F. M. Cash, who testified that he knew Mr. Pattison, and that his general character was good.

Cross examined by the State.—Q "Are you acquainted with the general character of R. A. Thompson, one of the associates of the defendant?" (Objected to by the defense, and the objection argued at length. The defense contended that R. A. Thompson was not on trial, and consequently his character should not be inquired into. Gen. Sale contended that the question was pertinent and admissible; that the State had established a connection between Pattison and Thompson; and that to a proper knowledge of Pattison's reputation and character, a knowledge of that of his companions and his class of associates, was necessary, or, in other words, *noscitur a sociis*—a man is known by his companions. "Evil communications corrupt good manners," was also suggested to Gen. Sale, as a quotation in point. The objection was sustained)

Q. "What was Thompson's business?"

A. "He had been engaged by Pattison to take depositions in Missouri. He is not a lawyer. I don't know that he is a professional deposition hunter. I don't know of his having hunted up depositions for other parties. I don't know who paid his bills. I have not seen him and Pattison together very often—not more than five or six times. The first time was in the Chancery Court room. I do not know Inman or Morgan. I did not see a tall man with black whiskers talking with Thompson and Pattison there. I saw Thompson about the 16th of February. Did not see Inman. It was Davis' Hotel where I had gone to visit Pattison."

Q. "What opportunities have you to know Pattison's character and reputation?"

A. "I know the estimate that he is held in by his neighbors. I do *not* know that he associates with the Curlins. He does not associate with them any more than I do. I have had considerable business transactions with them. Pattison had business with them also. He sold them stock. Pattison and Wade Bolton are intimate friends. Never heard Pattison's character discussed by his neighbors.

After a question or two more bearing upon Pattison's good report among his neighbors, the witness was allowed to stand aside, and Judge Thos. R. Smith called to the stand, and testified as follows:

"I know Pattison. I am one of his attorneys in several civil suits. On Thursday, the 14th or 15th of January, there was a suit which came up for trial in the Chancery Court. It was postponed till Friday. I was busy in the morning until twelve o'clock, when I went down there. That evening the shooting affair took place in the Chancery Court room, which resulted in the arrest of Mr. Pattison and Dr. Dickens, and their being ordered to jail. The next day they were brought out in the evening, and released on bond to report, I think, on the 15th of February. On that day, if I recollect aright, Pattison came to my office, and said he was under bonds to report at the Court, and wished me to go down with him, but I was too busy to do so. Col. Stevenson did go, however. Both gentlemen were subsequently released that evening or the next day."

Cross-examined by State.—"He did not go with me on Friday." Q. "What is the state of feeling between the Dickens family, Pattison and Bolton?" A. "I don't think they like each other very well." Q. "Are they not engaged in several lawsuits against each other?" A. "I believe they are." Q. "Are they not very bitter against each other?" A.—"Family lawsuits generally are very bitter. They have been tolerably bitter. Dickens is on one side and Bolton and Pattison on the other. Bolton was in the court room that day. I remember having seen him. I don't know that he betrayed any remarkable interest in the case—not more than a kinsman would generally take. He was in favor of Mrs. Pattison.

John Brown, sworn.—"Am acquainted with Pattison. Know his character. It is very good."

Cross-examined by the State.—"Am a surveyor—was a school-teacher. I know the country around about the church and Dickens' place. I heard the testimony of Geo. Washington (col'd). He described the localities about there very closely. I remarked that he had evidently been there. I have watched Pattison's conduct pretty closely since the war. He was a Federal and I was a Confederate, and for that reason I watched him, and my opinion of him is that he is a quiet, peaceable man."

Q. "Would you call a man who habitually carries weapons peaceable and quiet?" A. "I should not."

Q. "Suppose that he should have a shooting affair in a courtroom, what"—(objected to, and after argument the objection sustained.)

"Have heard his name connected with the Curlins. He had business with them. My reasons for thinking that he is a man of peace are, that I stay all night frequently in his neighborhood, and whenever his name is brought up he is thus spoken of. I should call it fifteen miles to Pattison's and twelve miles to Dickens'. Should say it was five or six miles from Pattison's to Dickens."

J. W. Loller, sworn.—"I reside in Shelby county, Third District. Pattison was at home the night of the killing. I was there. I got there between daylight and dark (at dusk). Pattison was there when I came. He went to bed about ten o'clock. Pattison was there next morning (Saturday morning)."

Cross examined by the State.—"My name is Lolier" Q. "What is your Christian name?" A. "Don't know" Q. "What is your *heathen* name, then?" A. "John Wesley Loller. Was born and raised in Shelby county, Tenn.; born in 1845; have worked at the carpenter's trade; lived near Big Creek, etc. (The balance of the testimony of a similar character.)

W. S Noblin Sworn.—"Am a farmer—thirty-eight years old. I live on Big Creek, in Shelby county. I know Pattison—know his general character. It is good."

Pat Connel Sworn.—Mr. Connel was called to the stand, but the defense declined to use him, and would not examine him, consequently he was dismissed for the present, but will be introduced by the State as rebutting testimony hereafter.

The defense were not ready with any more witnesses at present, and, understanding that it would take an hour or so to secure them, the Court adjourned to Monday morning at nine o'clock.

Miscellaneous.

—The Chief of Police has received information that the following "5 20" coupon bonds, for $1000 each, have been stolen and are supposed to be afloat in this region: Nos. 154, 340, 124, 552 and 45,369. We give the numbers for the information of our merchants and brokers.

A NOVEL style of Ventilating Hats, introduced this day by Francisco & Wiggin. ‡

WEATHERBEE'S is the place to "smile." †

MERCHANT TAILORS will do well to look at those cloths, cassimeres and tailors' trimmings, at M. Kraus & Co., 218 Main street, corner of Adams. †

FINE CHANCE FOR ENGAGING IN A GOOD PAYING BUSINESS.—An established first class Saloon—excellent location—having a good run of paying custom. Address "J. C.," care of APPEAL office. ‡

GENTLEMEN! please look at those White Shirts, Undershirts, Drawers and Linen Handkerchiefs, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams. †

LADIES! please look at those very cheap, perfumed Bouquet Fans, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 218 Main street, corner of Adams. †

COTTON CASE.

Arbitration by the Chamber of Commerce.

Dispute Between Buyer and Seller Adjusted.

A cotton case of considerable interest was decided yesterday by the arbitration committee of the Chamber of Commerce. It appears that on the 29th ultimo, Jones Brothers, of Madison street, sold to John B. Leech, a cotton broker, on Front street, a list of 135 bales of cotton, which, after boring, the buyer refused to receive and pay for, on the ground that the second samples did not come up with the original. Jones Brothers then applied to the Chamber of Commerce for arbitration in the matter, with the result as given below. Several witnesses were examined, whose testimony we omit as unimportant, the main points being given in the respective statements of Messrs. Jones Brothers and Mr. Leech. Messrs. Jones Brothers' statement is as follows:

STATEMENT OF JONES BROS.

Jones Brothers sold Messrs. Leech & Carver, on March 29, a lot of cotton, representing to Mr. Leech that the samples had been on the table several weeks, and had doubtless improved in appearance. To-day Mr. Leech sent for us, and contended that the cotton did not come up; that he supposed there were only five or six bales of a certain description, whereas it turned out that there were a much larger amount. We stated to Mr. Leech that we did not sell the cotton to come up to the sample, and proposed to call in Mr. Goodwyn and abide what he might say in the premises. We then proposed to reduce prices somewhat if it would satisfy him, and which he also refused. We then replied that if he would agree to nothing, we supposed we would be compelled to take samples and sell or ship the cotton, and he returned both sets of samples to us.

We state further, that we undertook no special comparison of the samples while in Mr. Leech's room to determine whether the samples drawn by Mr. Leech came up to those by which we sold, but did on the return of the samples, in the presence of Mr. M. A. Allen, place the two sets on tables and compared them carefully, and found that the cotton sampled fully up to the samples by which we sold, in which opinion we are supported by as many as a half dozen gentlemen and cotton sellers who examined the two sets of samples; but Mr. Leech declines to do anything in the premises, saying that by receiving the samples back from him we had him deprived ourselves of right to claim anything of him.

In the defense, Mr. Leech stated as follows:

STATEMENT OF J. B. LEECH.

On Tuesday, March 30, I went to Jones Bros. at Mr. Jones' request, to look at cotton he had for sale; S. B. Carver was in my company at the time; Mr. Jones remarked that he did not suppose new redrawn samples look as well; I asked him in what particular they would not look as well; he remarked they had been sampled two weeks or perhaps more, and that some of the cotton was stained and that from exposure, likely, it had bleached; I then remarked that the cotton in every other respect will come up; I suppose there is no dirty cotton in it more than is represented; he replied that it would come up in every other respect except the mildewing of the samples; the cotton was turned out that day and examined by Mr. Marsh, and next morning was sampled, and Mr. Carver passed the cotton; Mr. Carver came up to the office about ten o'clock Wednesday morning and told me he had ordered the cotton in question not to be marked, on account of the samples not coming up; he ordered the samples brought up to my office for my inspection before doing anything with it; the samples were brought up half an hour after, and carefully laid on the table for an inspection; Mr. Carver, Mr. Marsh and myself examined both lots carefully, and we discovered a great discrepancy; at least twenty or thirty bales of dusty cotton were there that were not represented in the original samples; I then sent for Mr. Jones to come over and look at it, and I informed him his cotton did not come up to the samples; he looked at them, and said, "I told you that when you bought them." Told him that I did not complain of the stain or bleaching, but the dirty cotton I objected to. He then inquired what reduction I wished made. He said he would leave the reduction to be decided by one W. A. Goodwyn. I objected to have any arbitration made as to the difference in value, because I did not want the cotton; its quality did not suit me. Mr. Jones then remarked if I did not want the cotton he would have to resell or ship it, and requested me to send the original and the new sample with the borings to him; I did as he requested; while the samples were being sent, Mr. Jones came back to me and remarked that he wished I would say nothing about the transaction, as it would militate against a resale of the cotton; I replied, of course I would say nothing about it; from the time Mr. Jones came to my office, it was from half-past ten to half-past eleven; I then purchased other cotton to replace the cotton returned to Mr. Jones; I returned to my office at half-past three in the evening; Mr. Jesse Brown came to me from Mr. Jones and asked me what I would do about the cotton, and he would like me to go and look at it; I remarked to him that I regarded the transaction as closed, and that I had purchased other cotton to replace it, and that if I should examine the cotton again it would do no good; I had carefully examined each separate sample before, and I declined to have anything more to do with it as I regarded the matter settled when Mr. Jones agreed to take the samples and the cotton back; Mr. Jones came shortly after and requested me to look at it; I made the same reply, in addition remarked that if it had been a question whether the samples came up or not, it should have been decided in my office when the samples were brought there, because I had agreed, by him taking the samples of cotton back, that the case was settled and that I had purchased other cotton to replace it; he said if I would do nothing with it, if I was a member of the Chamber of Commerce that he would leave the matter for them to decide, which I agreed to; next morning I received a note from Mr. Jones by M. A. Allen, saying that if I did not take the cotton away that he, Mr. Jones, would re-sell the cotton and charge me commission and losses, if any were made, to which I replied, verbally, that I wished nothing whatever to do with the cotton, and I thought if we went to law it would be very unprofitable to him; this evening I received another communication from Mr. Jones, asking me if I would not take the cotton at a reduction. I refused to do it, saying the matter was to be settled by the Chamber of Commerce.

DECISION

The Committee of Arbitration, on full consideration of the statements made and testimony elicited, rendered the following decision:

The undersigned, appointed a Committee by President W. H. Cherry, of the Chamber of Commerce, to arbitrate in the case of Jones Bros. against John B. Leech, after a careful hearing of all the testimony in the case, render the following decision;

The Committee do not feel called upon to express an opinion except upon one point. The demurrer of Mr. Leech to receive the cotton upon its being decided that it did not come up to the original samples, and being called upon and having went to the office of J. B. Leech, where redrawn samples were exposed for comparison with the original, and he, (Mr. Jones) having so far acquiesced in the demurrer of Mr. Leech as to order the return of the original and redrawn samples and borings, and without having then and there expressed his determination to Mr. Leech that he would be held responsible for his purchase, and considering the fact that before leaving he desired the purchaser not to make the transaction known, as it might prove prejudicial to the future sale of the cotton, and thereby confirming Mr. J. B. Leech in the opinion that the trade was considered cancelled by him. Jones thereby forfeits any and all claims upon the purchaser, J. B. Leech.

SAM. M. GATES, Chairman.
J. W. DICKINSON,
JOHN P. HILL.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

Pattern Shop of the Memphis and Ohio Railroad Burned.

The Contents a Total Loss.

Damage $50,000 00.

The alarm of fire, sounded last night about eight o'clock, was caused by the burning of the pattern shops and store house of the Memphis and Ohio Railroad, a large two-story frame building, stored with oil and patterns. There is no means, at present writing, of knowing how the fire occurred, but we are told by the watchman that it is supposed to be the work of an incendiary. The loss is about fifty thousand dollars, and, we learn, not insured, though we could not ascertain this fact positively. The flames spread with inconceivable rapidity, but little over a half hour intervening from the time that the alarm was given until the whole was a smouldering ruin.

PLEASE look at those cheap table linens, and Russia towels, at M. Kraus & Co., 218 Main st., corner of Adams. †

GENUINE British half-hose, 37½c.; fine full-bosom shirts, $1 50. Great bargains in Gents' Clothing, Boots, Shoes and Hats, at J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., 231 Main street. †

BUY the velocipede tie collar, the newest out. Wiggans & Thorn, 233 Clay Building, agents, wholesale or retail. †

SELMA RAILROAD.

Meeting of the Board of Directors.

A meeting of the resident Directors of the Memphis and Selma Railroad was held yesterday at the office of W. R. Hunt, Esq, Gen. Forrest, President, presiding. The utmost harmony characterised the deliberations of the Board, who, after mature consideration, voted an appropriation asked for by the President for the purpose of advancing the road immediately to the point necessary to be reached in order that the Company can avail itself of the Alabama State aid contingent upon the completion of the first twenty miles. Mules, carts, etc., will be immediately purchased here and forwarded to the scene of operations, and the work be pushed to completion.

GO SEE the velocipede tie collar, at Wiggans & Thorns, Clay Building. †

PERSONAL.

Our friend N. J. Wiggin, Esq, returned yesterday from New York, where he has been assorting and purchasing a stock of spring novelties in gentlemen's head gear.

SEA ISLAND and Bleached Domestics, at extraordinary bargains, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams. †

BEST Sprague and Merrimack Spring Prints, 12½c., at J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., 231 Main street, "cheaper than the cheapest," 4-4 genuine Almy's Bleached Domestic, worth 20c, at 15½ cents. †

Messrs. Editors—The Ladies' Aid Society of the Christian Church, sincerely grateful for a success in their concerts beyond their most confident expectations, desire to tender their warmest thanks to those who so kindly gave us their invaluable aid, and who contributed so materially to our success, and to an appreciative and liberal public, to which we are indebted for nearly $800 receipts. Where so many commended themselves to our lasting gratitude we would make no invidious distinctions, but we know we give offense to none when we specially thank Miss Ennis and Miss Kate Williams for their faithful attendance and much admired vocal and instrumental music on each evening. Also, to Miss Wilkerson and the young ladies of Mrs. McGhee's Institute and others. All present well know our obligation to Mr. Katzenbach, Profs. Sabatsky and Hollenberg; Messrs. Farmer, Sullivan, Davis, Jones, Williams, and Mr. Seessel, for his untiring and efficient services. Our thanks are also due the city papers for friendly notices.

Mrs. T. J. LATHAM,
" M. JONES,
" BLACK,
" COALMAN BOYD,
" H. A. LYTTLETON,
Committee.

OF course you will buy your hat of Francisco & Wiggin, Peabody Hotel. ‡

HARRY WEATHERBEE keeps a choice selection of the finest brands of liquors. †

SATIN Parasols, $3 50, at M. Kraus & Co.'s No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams. ‡

GONE AWAY.—The soldiers composing the garrison at this point left yesterday, according to the orders which we published a few days ago.

APRIL FOOLED.—A fellow reporter put up a little job on the gentleman who "does" the local for the *Sun*, on All Fools Day, and the consequence is that our brilliant "cotemporary," (who does *not* have to be trepanned to be made to see the point of *some* things) yesterday morning announced that the third chapter of St. Paul's epistle to the Ephesians is *not* in the bible.

LADIES' all linen handkerchiefs, $1 25 per dozen, at M. Kraus & Co., 218 Main street, corner of Adams. †

The great and wonderful remedy for Piles, "Buckeye Salve," just received and for sale by W. H. Seabrook, Cor. Main and Poplar Sts.

NOTICE.—All persons holding claims against the city are requested to file copies with me. State the amount, when due, what for, whether it is a note or ledger balance, whether or not it bears interest, etc., etc. L. M. WOLCOTT,
Chairman of Finance Committee.
City papers copy one time, and collect of city

IF you want something good, to keep your spirits up, go to Joe Locke's, 236½ Main street. ‡

CHALLENGE OF ARMS.—The joust of arms between Monsieur A. Veaudemont, the great French swordsman, and Capt. L. P. Van, the well-known professor of the art, will take place at the French Garden, near Fort Pickering, on Monday afternoon next at three o'clock. A splendid platform has been erected for the occasion, and seats put up for 500 people. The affair will be one of the most interesting ever seen in Memphis. The judges will be appointed at the time on the ground. Admission 25c.
† J. N. ETCHEVARNE, Proprietor.

DRINK Sand's Ale. Depot No. 3 Howard's Row. ‡

COUNTRY MERCHANTS wanting dry goods, examine the price of M. Kraus & Co., 218 Main street, corner of Adams, before purchasing elsewhere. †

MADISON ST. PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A valuable business lot situated on Madison street near Second street, 25x148 feet, is offered for sale on very reasonable terms. Apply to N. Smith, 42 Madison street, office of B. Newton Hart. †

LARGE lot of white and fancy Marseilles quilts, at M Kraus & Co., 218 Main street, corner of Adams. †

A SENSATION.—Not the most delightful one in the world can always be created by treading on a man's corns. If that don't provoke him to wrath he must be a Christian indeed, in whom there is no bile. But when there is such an easy and sure way to get rid of them, it serves any man who has corns right to have them tread on, now and then, if for no other reason than to call the fact to his mind that Dr. Lane, at the Peabody, cures them and all other ailments of the feet instantaneously and radically.

ALL linen towels, $1 50 per dozen, at M. Kraus & Co., 218 Main street, corner of Adams. †

THE NATIONAL LABOR UNION

Lecture of Mr. Trevellick Last Night.

About sixty persons assembled at the Municipal Hall last night to listen to a repetition of the lecture of Mr. Trevellick on the subject of the National Labor Union, and an explanation of its workings.

The meeting was called to order, and Alderman Moffett took the chair and introduced Mr. Trevellick to the meeting. He then, without notes, and in an off-hand manner, addressed the assemblage for an hour on the subject which he has made so familiar to the working classes everywhere throughout the country. We have not the space to follow his remarks or course of reasoning. Some of his passages were very eloquent and touching, especially the descriptions of scenes in the cellars of New York amid the squalid poverty of the sewing women. In another place will be found the address and objects of the association which he represents, and we recommend it to the careful perusal of our thinking readers and action of our working classes.

WHITE and pink musquito netting, 45 50, 65 and 75 cents per yard, at M. Kraus & Co., 218 Main st., corner of Adams. †

DUNLAP'S Fifth Avenue specialties in gent's Silk Hats, at Francisco & Wiggin's. †

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS.—A large and fashionable audience greeted the minstrels last night, and rarely or never did we see a whole houseful of people enjoy themselves so thoroughly. Fred Wilson's minstrels bear away the palm for everything in their line, over all competitors that we have ever seen. To-day is their last day, and only two more chances are afforded our people of seeing and hearing them—at the matinee to-day at half-past one o'clock, and to-night. On Monday night our troupe return, and Mrs. Lander opens again in her great role of "Elizabeth."

THE TABLEAUX.—Another good house thronged the Greenlaw Opera House last night, to witness the tableaux, charades, etc., given by the ladies for the benefit of Dr. Ford's Church. The tableaux were exquisite both in design and execution, and reflected great credit on the young ladies and gentlemen who got them up. In addition to the tableaux, there were songs by Messrs. Daman, White and Ennis, and by Mr. Hollenberg, pantomines, charades and burlesques, and, in fact, everything to insure a pleasant evening.

MRS O'DONOVAN ROSSA.—We learn by a letter from her agent, that Mrs. O'Donovan Rossa will shortly be in our city and give a series of readings for the purpose of raising a fund to secure her husband a new trial. Her agent, Mr. John G. Heely, will arrive in a day or two and make arrangements for the same.

Buckeye Salve.—The great remedy for the cure of Piles, just received and for sale by W. N. Wilkerson & Co., Druggists, 340 Main street.

PRINTED Irish linens, very cheap, at M. Kraus & Co., 218 Main street, corner of Adams. †

THE COURTS.

LAW COURT—*H. S. Lee, Judge.*—In this Court, yesterday, the trial of the case of State, use, etc, B. R. Thomas, adm'r, et al., vs. J. R. Moseley et al. was concluded and the case given to the Jury a few moments before Court adjourned. This is a very old case—one which has been pending for a number of years. In 1851 a bill was filed in the chancery side of the Common Law and Chancery Court of Memphis by B. R. Thomas, administrator of Wade H. Turner, deceased, against one J. R. Turner, asking and praying for a writ of attachment against the property of said Turner, consisting of lands, negroes, etc., which the plaintiff alleged was the property of his intestate; also for a writ of injunction to enjoin the said defendant from selling or making away with the same. Upon the execution of proper bonds, as required by law, the writs were issued and delivered to J. R. Moseley, then holding the office of Sheriff, who placed them in the hands of one W. D. Gillmore, his deputy, who immediately proceeded to levy upon the said property. It is alleged that Gillmore only half did his duty in executing said writs, in this, that after attaching the land and the slaves, he permitted the latter to be run off and carried beyond the confines of the State. On account of this alleged negligence, the representative and heirs of Wade H. Turner claim to have been damaged to the extent of fifteen thousand dollars. Sometime after this, at a final hearing of said cause, a decree was rendered in favor of complainants for the property so attached, but it is alleged that the slaves who were run off were never recovered, nor was there any settlement ever made in regard to them. At the March term of the Law Court, 1859, the plaintiffs instituted the above action against the said Sheriff J. R. Mosely and two of his securities, H. L. Guion and W. A. Bickford, to recover the amount of damages which they claim to have sustained on account of the alleged misfeasance of the deputy, for whose act the Sheriff is bound. This makes the fourth time that this suit has been tried. At one of the trials the case was decided, but was appealed to the Supreme Court, who reversed the decision and remanded the cause for another hearing.

Owing to the late hour at which the case was given to the jury they did not agree, and were discharged to report this morning.

To-day will be motion day. The motion docket will be called as usual.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge.*—The time of this Court was devoted yesterday, to hearing and determining various motions, and executing writs of inquiry, etc.

The judgments and orders entered are as follows:

Yerger et al. vs Grace; judgment by default, $1100.

Bullock vs Same; judgment by default, $1000.

Miller vs Kennell; judgment by default, $960.

Bond vs Jackson; judgment by default, $50.

Plain & Co. vs Beall, et al.; judgment by default, $245 26

Schloppich vs Heinrich; new trial granted.

To-day the Court will convene, and make a final disposition of all the remaining business of the term, sign the minutes, and adjourn until Tuesday next, the first day of the April term.

CRIMINAL COURT.—*Wm. Hunter, Judge.*—This Court succeeded yesterday in empanneling a jury in the case of State vs. Cosgrove, indicted for murder. To-day the testimony for the State will open. All witnesses summoned in this Court are notified that they must be in prompt attendance; otherwise, attachments will issue for their immediate arrest.

A *nolle prosequi* was entered yesterday in the case of State vs. O'Hern, charged with larceny.

PLEASE call at M. Kraus & Co., 218 Main street, corner of Adams, and examine those black and colored silks, and black and colored Alpacas. †

THE best liquors and cigars in the city are at Harry Weatherbee's. †

A GOOD drink of the finest liquors can be had at Weatherbee's. †

Buckeye Salve.—A fresh supply of the never-failing remedy for piles just received and for sale by C. C. Ward & Bro., Cor. Adams and Main sts †

FINE all linen lawns, 50 cents per yard, at M. Kraus & Co., 218 Main street, corner of Adams. †

ERRING BUT NOBLE. SELF-HELP FOR young men who, having erred, desire a better manhood. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. If benefitted, return the postage. Address, PHILANTHROS, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa. mh8 d&w

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER

Saturday Evening, April 3.—Last Day and Night of Wilson's Minstrels and Grand Matinee at 1 o'clock p.m. For day—New Songs and Dances: Scenes in a Bar-room; Manager's Triumph. At night—Last appearance of Wilson's Minstrels, on which occasion Mr. A. J. Talbott will shoot an apple from off the head of Mr. Frank Benton. To conclude with Under the Lamp Post.

Monday—Reappearance of Mrs. LANDER.

SCALE OF PRICES.—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Orchestra Chairs, $1 50; Family Circle, 50 cents; Colored Boxes, 50 cents; Colored Gallery, 25 cents.

Doors open at quarter to 7 o'clock; curtain will rise at 8 precisely. Box-book open from 10 o'clock a.m. to 5 p.m.

NEW VELOCIPEDE HALL,

In Adams Building,

On Second Street, near Adams.

☞ The most animating and healthful exercise.

☞ Price, 50 cents per hour.

☞ Orders for Velocipedes taken at greatly reduced rates. mh31

Velocipede Rink,

GAYOSO BALL ROOM,

(Entrance, McCall Street).

LARGEST HALL IN THE CITY—FREE FROM OBSTRUCTIONS.

OPENED 8 A.M. TO 9 P.M.

☞ Ladies especially invited.

mh19 ED. WORSHAM, Proprietor.

GAYETIES THEATER,

No. 37 Jefferson Street.

J. H. ETLY..........LESSEE AND MANAGER
OSCAR WILLIS..........STAGE MANAGER

THE leading Variety Theater of the South. Open for the Season, with the best standing Variety Combination that has ever appeared in the city—the performance consisting of Songs, Dances, Burlesques, Pantomimes, etc. New Stars each week. ADMISSION—Fifty Cents; Private Boxes, Five Dollars. Doors open at o'clock; performance to commence at quarter to 8 o'clock. ja1

DRY GOODS.

C. DOHERTY,

MILLINERY

—AND—

FANCY GOODS,

338 Main St., Memphis,

HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM NEW York, where I have made selections from the latest importations of FRENCH MILLINERY GOODS,

BONNETS AND HATS,

IN GREAT VARIETY. FULL LINE OF

SILK AND SATIN RIBBONS,

LACES,

NETTINGS AND CREPES.

The selection of FLOWERS, ORNAMENTS STRAW TRIMMINGS, etc., has never been surpassed in this market. The stock is complete in every department.
mh28 C. DOHERTY, 338 Main street.

S. FOLZ,

—DEALER IN—

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,

Boots and Shoes, Hats,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

—AND—

Planters' Goods Generally,

208 Main Street,

mh26 MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

SPRING GOODS!

SPRING GOODS!

Southern Palace!

HOWELL, WOOD & CO.

332 MAIN STREET,

Have just received a splendid line of Spring Dress Goods, Silks, Poplins, Alpaccas, Mozambiques, etc., etc.; Dress Trimmings, Notions, etc., etc. Also, a fine line of Staple and Plantation Goods, to which they invite the attention of the public. mh23

STOVES, ETC.

NEW STOVE HOUSE.

WE will open April 5, the large and commodious four story house, formerly occupied by Messrs. Bescher & Webb, No. 381 Main street, with a large stock of

STOVES,

Hollow Ware, Sad Irons, Tin Ware and House Furnishing Goods,

From the well-known house of Messrs. G. W. BALL & CO., of

KENTUCKY STOVE WORKS.

Also, LOTZE'S celebrated

Warm Air Furnaces and Superior Cooking Ranges.

Persons wanting good Cooking Stoves, would do well by waiting and seeing our stock before buying elsewhere.

Wholesale and retail—a liberal inducement to the trade. BERING & LOTZE,
ap1 No. 381 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

A FURNITURE FACTORY.

I WISH to get up a Stock Company with a cash capital of $50,000, to manufacture Furniture in this city. I can get machinery that cost $53,000: subscribed for $25,000 in stock. The surplus that could be sold from this would purchase a good portion of other machinery needed. Parties wishing to take stock will please address me, care Appeal office, stating amount they wish.
mh30 JAS. A. WIGGS.

JOS. J. POWERS

IRON, FRAME & BRICK

Bridge Builder

Memphis, - Tennessee.

☞ Is prepared to construct BRIDGES and IRON ROOFS and BUILDINGS of all descriptions. feb18

Notice

IS hereby given to all parties interested that I will, at the May Term, 1869, of the County Court of Shelby county, State of Tennessee, apply for letters of administration upon the estate of Mrs. Elizabeth Smyth, deceased.
ap2 J. R. S. GILLILAND.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

Reduction in Prints!
Reduction in Lawns!
Reduction in Cottonades!

MENKEN BROTHERS

Are Prepared to Sell Merchants

Brown Sheetings,
Osnaburgs
and Dress Goods

AT NEW YORK RATES! LOOK AT OUR STOCK

MENKEN BROTHERS.

THE CELEBRATED CHAMPION,

WITH WROUGHT IRON OVEN,

THE GREAT STOVE OF THE DAY.

THE CHAMPION is heavy and durable.
THE CHAMPION is admirably fitted.
THE CHAMPION has a Mammoth Oven.
THE CHAMPION has a Portable Reservoir, porcelain lined inside—will not rust.
THE CHAMPION has a Sliding Damper on the top of stove, which completely controls heat of the stove.
THE CHAMPION is simple in its construction, and very easily managed.
THE CHAMPION is rapidly going into general use.
THE CHAMPION is extensively sold.

THE CHAMPION is made of the best quality of Hanging Rock Charcoal Iron, universally admitted to be the best iron in the world; and the only cast stove made with wrought iron oven—the bottom and back oven and plates being made of heavy wrought iron, so heavy that they cannot be broken or cracked, and the heat cannot warp them. Call and examine THE CHAMPION before purchasing. This Stove is only for sale by

H. WETTER & CO.,

Dealers and Manufacturers of Stoves, Tinware, Copper and Sheet-iron Ware, House Furnishing Goods, Nos 13 and 15 Monroe Street.

LET IT BE DISTINCTLY UNDERSTOOD

We do not want the Trade of that Class of Merchants

WHO REGARD NOT THEIR PLEDGES, BUT WE

WILL GRANT SPECIAL FAVORS

TO THOSE WHO PAY THEIR BILLS.

WM. R. MOORE & CO.,
299 Main street, Next Door North of Peabody Hotel.

P. S.—Stock now Large, and Prices to Meet the Closest Views. mh25

O. B. FORSTER. CHAS. W. KEALHOFER. THOS. DAY

FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.

GROCERS, COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

209 Main Street, 4 Doors North of Adams, Memphis, Tenn

ESTABLISHED 1844.

TO THE TRADE.

1000 kgs. Nails, 4s to 20s,	50 doz. Hunt's Axes,
600 Avery Plows,	1000 pair Trace Chains,
400 Dixie Plows,	500 doz. Weeding Hoes,
100 Cotton Scrapers,	50 doz. Plow Hames.

☞ The above have just been received, and will be sold to Country Merchants at a small advance on manufacturers' prices. Call and examine our stock.

A. J. WHITE & CO.,

Hardware Dealers, 234 Front Street

PEABODY HOTEL,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE,

Corner of Main and Monroe Sts.

☞ *In the heart of the business portion of the city, convenient to the Railroad Offices and Depots, Steamboat Landing, Postoffice and Theaters.*

We respectfully solicit public patronage.

ja17 D. COCKRELL & SONS.

FIRST CLASS WOOD COOK STOVE

"FAVORITE,"

TIN LINED, VENTILATED OVEN, FOUR SIZES.

The most perfect and reliable Stove now in the market.
They are expressly adapted and arranged to suit the wants of the Southern people.
Thousands of them have been sold, and are in daily use, without a single complaint of their operation.
Three years of constant use has proven them to be the most perfect bakers and economizers of fuel now made.
There is no risk in buying a "FAVORITE," as they are warranted to be superior to all others, in every particular.
They embrace in their construction all the improvements known in modern first-class stoves for burning wood.
They are made of the best No. 1 Charcoal Iron, are heavy plate, strong and durable, and have more merit and greater cooking facilities for the price than can be found in any other stove.
It will pay all interested to call and see them, and examine testimonials of their superiority before buying any other stove.
A full supply of all the sizes, together with the celebrated Extension-top Stove "CARDINAL," kept at wholesale and Retail by

THOMAS S. JUKES.

Dealer in Stoves and Holloware, Lamps, Coal Oil and House Furnishing Goods, and Manufacturer of Tin Roofing, Guttering, and every description of Tin, Copper and Sheet-iron Work,

No. 328 Second Street, Memphis, Tennessee. s

RELIABLE AND POPULAR HARDWARE IMPORTING HOUSE

ESTABLISHED IN

CHARLESTON,	NEW YORK,	MEMPHIS,
1824.	1836.	1863.

DEPOT FOR

B. F. AVERY'S CAST AND STEEL PLOWS,

DEPOT FOR

BELMONT NAIL WORKS' SUPERIOR CUT NAILS.

FULL SUPPLIES OF

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS AND SHELF AND HEAVY GOODS.

OUR long established connections with English and American Manufacturers afford facilities unsurpassed; and our well earned position will be maintained, and no effort spared to render this in the future, as in the past, the Favorite House.

E. ROBBINS & BRADLEY,

223 Second Street, Adams Block. . . . Memphis, Tenn
CAPT. JAMES G. BARBOUR. MR. THOMAS D. WILDER.

CUBBINS & GUNN,

IRON FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS,

HAVING THE LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP IN the Southwest, are prepared to do all work in

THE MACHINERY LINE BETTER AND CHEAPER THAN EVER!

THEY KEEP ON HAND A STOCK OF NEW AND SECOND-HAND

Stationary and Portable Engines, Boilers, Etc.,

—AND—

WROUGHT IRON GAS AND WATER PIPES OF ALL SIZES,

Which will be cut and fitted to order, promptly and well. One of the firm gives constant attention to the building of the very best

FRENCH BURR GRIST MILLS,

Which, for durability and satisfactory working, are unsurpassed.

SMUTTERS, BOLTING CLOTHES & LEATHER BELTING

In full supply, and cheaper than elsewhere.

UNION FOUNDRY,

Adams Street, bet. Fourth and Bayou, Memphis, Tenn.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, }
MEMPHIS, April 2, 1869. }

FINANCE.

The money market is quiet and rates of exchange steady at ⅛c discount buying and ⅛c premium selling. The call for Eastern Exchange has been quite active for a day or two and some of our banks are short, but on the whole there is enough to supply the demand, though not equally distributed. One discount house will receive cotton bills between this and Monday evening, covering some 2000 bales.

Deposits are low, but business is and has been of a healthy character. Our banks report collections very good and our merchants independent so far as bank accommodations are concerned. There has been some application for assistance within the past week, but the relief to the market by the recent cotton sales has been materially felt in all branches of trade.

There is nothing doing in stocks or bonds. Sellers are not to be found.

City Scrip is steady. When we speak of City Scrip we mean Ledger Balances as there is really no scrip upon the market—it being in the hands of speculators, who are holding it for an advance. Balances answer all the purposes of taxpayers and are checked against in sums to suit, at 77 to 78c by dealers.

We know of no change in County Warrants. Dealers buy at 70 to 71c, and sell at 75c.

Police Scrip is some lower. The Police force are being paid off and more of it is afloat. Dealers offer 95c and sell at 97 to 98c.

Governments at the opening were very much unsettled and at the noon call were firmer, with a large short interest, closing firm with lower prices, however, anticipated.

Bonds of 1881		115⅛@115¼
5-20 Bonds of	1862	117⅜@118
" " "	1864	113⅞@113⅝
" " "	1865	115⅛@115¼
" " "	1865, new	112⅝@112⅞
" " "	1867, "	112⅝@112⅞
" " "	1868, "	112⅞@113
10-40		105⅛@105¼
Pacific Sixes,		104⅛@104¼

Gold opened to-day in New York at 131⅜c, went up to 131½, and closed at 131⅜c. Sterling Exchange heavy at 107⅝c for prime 60 day bills. Money stringent at ½ per cent. per daypaid—1-16 for carrying Government bonds. Gold carying at 7@10 per cent.

The Stock market opened weak with a decline looked for in consequence of a very close money market. It was Bearish at noon, but prices were sustained, and at 2 p.m. was "offish" in some instances, but generally firm and active and closed dull but steady with no pressure to sell.

Wells & Fargo Ex., 31; American Ex., 40½; Adams' Ex., 58½; U. S. Ex., 56; Merchants Union Ex., 15¼; Quicksilver, 20; Canton 59; Pacific Mail, 90¼; Western Union Telegraph Co., 38; New York Central, 161; Erie, — to —; Hudson, 138½; Reading, 91; Chicago & Alton, —; preferred, —; Toledo, W. and W., 66½; preferred 77¾; St. Paul, 71½; preferred 80; Ft. Wayne, 124½; Ohio and Mississippi, 32½; Michigan Central, 116; Michigan Southern, 95⅞; Illinois Central, 136; Cleveland & Pittsburg, 86⅝; Cleveland & Toledo, 97; Rock Island, 127⅜; Chicago & Northwestern, 84½; preferred, 94.

COTTON.

The Liverpool market at the opening to-day was dull; Uplands 12⅜d; Orleans 12⅝, and at noon was dull and unchanged. It closed flat with sales of 8000 bales; Uplands 12⅜@12⅝d; Orleans 12½@12⅝d.

Cotton was inactive and prices drooping in New York at the opening to-day. Low Middlings 27½@27⅝c; Uplands 28½@28⅝c; Good Middlings 29½@29⅝c. At noon it was dull and drooping. Low Middlings nominally 27½c; Uplands 28½c; Good Middlings 29½c. At 12:30 p.m. it was weak, but demand fair. Quotations the same. There was no change at 2 p.m., and at the close it was dull and unchanged. Sales to spinners 615 bales; to speculators 320 bales; for export 1590 bales.

Our market was very quiet. But one or two buyers were upon the flags, and probably 700 bales were taken upon a basis of 26¾@27c for Low Middlings. There are very few tables of fine cotton unsold.

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, }
MEMPHIS, April 2, 1869. }

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1868		47
Received to-day	495	
Received previously	224,091	224,586
		224,633
Exported to-day	966	
Exported previously	201,416	202,382
Stock on hand at 12 m		22,251

Receipts were per M. & C. R. R. 75; bales; M. & T. R. R. 32; M. & O. R. R. 148; M. & L. R. R. R. —; Steamers 215; wagons 25. Exports were per M. & C. R. R. —; M. & T. R. R. —; M. & O R. R. 66; Steamers 900. Increase of stock 471 bales.

The Liverpool weekly statement is as follows: It must be remembered that it embraces one day more than usual, *i. e.*, Good Friday. Week's sales 61,000 bales. Of this amount 9000 were for export and 7000 to speculators. Stock on hand 236,000 bales, of which 108,000 are American. Stock afloat 450,000 bales, of which 160,000 are American. The stock on hand has decreased 32,000 bales; the American decreasing 8000 bales. The total stock afloat has increased 33,000 bales, while the American afloat is identically the same as last week.

TRADE.

An important decision in a cotton case will be found in our local columns. It is a matter of much interest to our merchants generally.

There was very little doing upon our wholesale streets to-day, and there being no arrivals from above we had no receipts of provisions or produce. The levee was bare of freights of all kinds except cotton.

The imports from foreign countries for the week ending March 20th are thus summarised by the Boston *Courier*:

"The imports at New York exceeded seven millions of dollars in foreign gold value, and were larger than in either corresponding weeks of 1867 or 1868 by nearly two and a half million.

"Among the imports of general merchandise, we observe some good figures in the fruit trade, as, for instance, there were over $16,000 worth of currants; $37,740 in oranges; $19,556 in nuts; $69,255 in prunes; and $38,054 in raisins. Of the drinkables, only little over $10,000 came in in champagne, a small amount considering what is drank, but then it should be remembered that New Jersey still lives; $53,849 came in wines; $12,372 in ale; and $9240 in beer and porter. The import of molasses was $150,607, which does not show a slow movement in the article, and $4715 in pipes indicates the popularity of that species of puffing.

"There was $132,819 worth of barley received, and one of the sugar movements was that of $867,409, 'a regular sweetener,' and not enough tea and coffee to go with it, for only $19,324 of tea and $30,585 of coffee was received. The demand for knick-knacks and luxuries is shown by the figures of $40,718 for watches; $52,779 for fancy goods, and $4491 in perfumery, though the figures for these articles are largely increased towards the fall of the year.

"The tin is coming in, as $129,359 worth of it were the figures for the week, while rags fluttered up to $172,419, and wool curried into the six figures of $129,705, and we received a good 'hiding' to the tune of $86,905 worth of dressed, and $147,489 of undressed hides."

Choice eating APPLES are very scarce and are in demand. We quote at 7 to $9 per barrel as to quality.

The BUTTER market is quiet with fair stock. Choice Western we quote at 38 to 40c; Good 30 to 35c.

In BEANS there is no change. Mixed White 2 to $3 per bushel; Navy 3 25 to $3 50.

In PROVISIONS there is nothing doing. Quotations may be considered nominal. Mess Pork 32 50 to $33. Prime Mess 29 to $30. Prime Pork 27 00 to $28. Rumps 27 to $28. Jowls $24. Clear bulk Sides 16⅞ to 17c. Clear Rib 16½ to 16⅝c. Rib Sides 15½ to 16c. Shoulders 13 to 13¼c. Bacon, clear Sides 17⅞ to 17⅝c. Shoulders 14 to 14½c. S. C. Hams, plain, 18½ to 19c. S. C. canvassed 20 to 21c. Lard, in tierces, 19½ to 19½c; kegs 20½ to 21c; caddies 21 to 22c.

There is but a small stock of CHEESE on the market and prices are firm Factory 23 to 24c. E. D. 23 to 23½c. W. R. 22 to 23c.

The COFFEE market is weak but the tendency of Gold being upward, prices may become firmer. We quote Ordinary 19 to 20c; Fair, 20 to 21c; Good, 22 to 23c; Prime, 24 to 25c; Choice, 26½ to 28c.

We note a fair demand for CORNMEAL. Fresh 3 50 to $3 60 in lots. Kilndried 3 75 to $4.

The demand is active for all kinds of DRIED FRUITS. Dried Apples 9 to 12c; Peaches 11 to 14c.

There is a fair demand for EGGS and prices steady at 19 to 20c.

There is no material change in FLOUR. The demand is light. We quote Superfine 5 75 to $6 25; X, 7 to $7 50; XX, $8; XXX $9; and Fancy brands, 9 50 to $12.

The FEED market is quiet. 90 sacks CORN sold on levee at 73c and the demand is better. OATS are nominally unchanged at 65 to 67c. BRAN steady at $26 in store, with none on levee. HAY firm at 26 to $27.

The demand for GRASS SEEDS is falling off. Clover 10 to $11 per bushel. Blue Grass $3 25. Timothy $3 25. Orchard Grass $2 25. Herds $2. Millet $3. Lucerne and White Clover 75c per lb.

The HIDE market is active and prices firm. Green 9½ to 9¾c; Salt 10¾ to 11c; Dry Salt, 22c; Dry Flint, 23 to 24c.

Cape and Alabama LIME held at 2 to $2 25 per barrel. Utica 1 75 to $2. Louisville Cement 2 75 to $3.

There is a fair demand for Sugar and Molasses and the market is firm with prices looking up. Fair Sugar 14 to 14½c; Prime, 15½ to 16c; Choice, 16 to 17c; Yellow Clarified, 17 to 18c; White Clarified, 18 to 19c. MOLASSES is also dull; Common, 70 to 75c; Choice, 80 to 90c.

We have no change to note in PRODUCE. The market is dull. Peachblow POTATOES are offered at 2 50 to $2 60 in lots on levee; Pink Eyes are dull at 2 50 to $3; Russetts 2 50 to $3; London Ladys 3 to $3 50; Early Goodrichs 4 to 4 50. ONIONS $7 50 per bbl.

There is a fair demand for POULTRY and stock light. Turkeys 20 to $24. Geese 9 to $10. Ducks 6 to $6 50. Chickens 6 50 to $7.

In SALT there is no material change. Large Dairy, in seven bushel barrels, $4 50. Small Dairy, in 5 bushel barrels, $3 50. Large Common, in 7 bushel barrels, 3 30 to $3 50. Small Common, in 5 bushel barrels, 2 50 to $2 75. These are quotations in lots from first hands.

There is a good demand for choice beef cattle, but inferior grades are dull. We quote 1st class Western beef cattle at 7@8c gross; 2d class, 5 to 6c; 3d 3 to 4c; inferior 2 to 3c. Milch Cows, 30 to $100; Work Oxen, 75 to $125 per yoke; Hogs, 6 to 9c gross; Sheep, 3 to $7 per head.

Manufactured TOBACCOS are in good demand with prices firm. Stocks are very fair and improving.

In WHISKY we have little change to note. Prices are weak. Highwines 92c.

COTTON--COMMISSION

WILLIAM GAY, Memphis, Tenn. — J. H. MARTIN, Late of F. Lane & Co.

Gay & Martin,

WHOLESALE

GROCERS, COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

DEALERS IN

Plantation Supplies, Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties,

No. 310 Front Street,

Next Door to Orgill Bros. & Co.,

mh11 MEMPHIS, TENN

R. A. Moon,

Cotton Factor, General Produce and Commission Merchant,

feb2 No. 4 Howard's Row.

F. W. IRVINE & CO.,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 278 Front Street, Up-Stairs,

Over R. S. Taylor & Co.,

ja19 d&w MEMPHIS, TENN.

COAL.

GREAT REDUCTION!

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST FUEL.

DESIRING the space it occupies for other uses, the

MEMPHIS GAS LIGHT CO.

Offer their present stock of Coke at the very low price of

TEN CENTS PER BUSHEL,

Subject only to removal before 1st of May next. Compared with the present prices of wood and coal,

Coke at Ten Cents Per Bushel is the Cheapest Fuel ever offered in this market, and those who use it prefer it to any other.

For sale at the office of the Company, and by coal dealers generally. ap1

MOUNT CARBON COAL

No. 20 Madison Street,

W. C. POSTAL AGENT.

del 1f

Dissolution Notice.

WE, the undersigned, have this day dissolved partnership by mutual consent, R. G. Bruce retiring. The style of the firm will be hereafter J. L. ESKRIDGE, who will settle all claims against the same.

J. L. ESKRIDGE.
R. G. BRUCE.

Coffeeville, Miss., March 23, 1869. mh31

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line

	DEPART.	ARRIVE
Day Express, R. R. time	5:00 a.m.	3:00 p.m
City time	4:45 a.m.	
Night Express, R. R. time	4:00 p.m.	9:00 a.m
City time	3:46 p.m.	

Ticket offices No. 237½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.

Sleeping Car attached to Night Express train, which goes through to Nashville, via Nashville and Northwestern Railroad, without change.

SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Mail, daily	3:15 p.m.	4:15 p.m
New Orleans Express, daily except Sunday	8:30 a.m.	8 35 a.m
Freight, daily except Sunday	3.00 p.m.	6:25 a.m

Time through to New Orleans 24 hours. Baggage checked through. Ticket office 237½ Main street and at Depot. Omnibuses will call for passengers and check baggage in any part of the city, by leaving orders at 237½ Main street.

feb14 A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Little Rock Railroad

TO MADISON AND LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Going West—Leave Hopefield daily at 7½ a.m.
Coming East—Leave Madison daily at 2 p.m.
Ferry Boat leaves foot of Union street at 7 a.m

S. B. BEAUMONT,
feb7 General Superintendent.

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

GAS WORKS, April 2, 1869.

The river rose in the past twenty-four hours 11 inches. Below high water mark, 6 feet and 7 inches.

CHAS. GOODWIN.

The swell at this point goes on rapidly, more so than the rise above would seem to justify, but all the lower streams are pouring out heavily, and the main body of water does not run off as swiftly as it otherwise would. Our latest advices from the Arkansas, the Ohio and Upper Mississippi, will be found in our telegraphic columns. The Cumberland is rising with 14 feet on the shoals. The Upper Mississippi is open to the foot of Lake Pepin. The Missouri is open no doubt to Omaha. Weather clear and cold—in fact, wintery.

Arrivals.

Steamer Louisiana, Cincinnati.
" G. W. Cheek, Osceola.
" Argonaut, Arkansas river.
" Liberty, White river.
" Mary Houston, New Orleans.
" W. R. Arthur, " "
" Belle Vernon, " "

Departures.

Steamer W. R. Arthur, St. Louis.
" Luminary, " "
" Belle Vernon, " "
" Mary Houston, Louisville.
" Argonaut "
" Ben Campbell, Osceola.
" Louisiana, New Orleans.

In Port.

Liberty, Silver Moon, Ozark, Argosy, Linton, G. W. Cheek.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The sale of the Natoma took her crew by surprise. They were at supper when told to get their duds ashore, but took it for an April fool affair. It was not, however, and the Natoma departed at an early hour yesterday, in charge of Capt. Wm. Ashford, for White river.

Capt. Jim Lee, formerly of the Natoma, has secured the George W. Cheek, and will put her in the Friar's Point trade on Tuesday next. The Cheek is having additional state rooms added to her cabin, and will be put in elegant order.

Capt. Mark Cheek has been for sometime looking around to secure a packet for the Osceola trade, in place of the Cheek. He has, we learn, secured one, which will be here in a few days.

The Linton, Capt. Hayward, with Les Ware in the office, will get away to-day for Wittsburg and all way points on St. Francis river. She is an excellent local packet.

The splendid U. S. mail packet Liberty, with Capt. Conley on the roof, leaves to-day for Augusta and all way points on White river. She connects at Devall's Bluff with the Little Rock train, and with the Fairy Queen for Jacksonport and above. Jimmy Thompson, Jim Rowland and Charley Sharpe are clerks.

To-day, at five p.m., the U. S. mail packet Ozark, Capt. Hanson Blaisdell, will get away for Little Rock and intermediate ports on the Arkansas. She connects with the Fort Smith packet closely, and is a splendid passenger packet. Ad. Storm is her chief clerk, and is a popular officer.

The "Champion," alias "Ice King," alias Silver Moon, with Capt. Ben Merrillees on the roof, leaves to-day bound for Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati. To travelers bound up the Ohio we commend her as in every way a passenger packet. Geo. Higgins and J. H. Clinton are her clerks.

The George W. Cheek, Capt. Malone, leaves to-day for Osceola and all way landings. Barinds and Gonterman have her office in charge.

The Marble City leaves at 5 p.m. today for Vicksburg and the bends, carrying the U. S. mail and making all way landings. She has been put in splendid trim since her last appearance here. Capt. A. Jack Carter, a popular and careful officer, has charge of her, and in her office will be found a competent gentleman.

The splendid steamer Lizzie Gill, Capt. James O'Neil, will pass down to-day for Vicksburg and New Orleans. She is a No. 1 passenger packet.

The Nick Longworth, Capt. Lew Kates, will pass up to-day at 8 a.m. for Cairo and Louisville. She is a comfortable passenger packet.

The good steamer Norman, Capt. J. B. Hall, with O'Hewett and Ben May in the office, backs out to-day at her usual hour for Cairo and Evansville, making all way landings. Cotton shippers and travelers should not forget her.

The magnificent City of Cairo, Capt. J. W. Malin, gets away from the wharfboat at five p.m. to-day for Cairo and St. Louis, connecting with the trains North and East. Henry Corbyn and Clem Nolte are her clever secretaries.

The W. R. Arthur and Belle Vernon passed up for St. Louis.

The Mary Houston and Argonaut passed up for Louisville.

The Louisiana passed down for New Orleans.

Capt. Ben. F. Beasely, an old and well known steamboatman of St. Louis, is in our city.

The Missouri and Illinois are in splendid boating order.

The House Committee on Commerce have agreed to report the River and Harbor bill, appropriating $2,000,000 for improvements. Of this sum it is expected several hundred thousand dollars will be used towards completing the enlargement of the Portland canal at Louisville. Gen. Weitzel has succeeded in convincing several members of the Senate Committee on Commerce that a large appropriation for this canal is very necessary; and the present bill is not likely, therefore, to be cut down in the Senate.

The Lady Grace has been sold to Oliver Dotson, of Omaha, for $10,000. Capt. Dotson did not purchase the G. A. Thompson, as reported.

The engines of the Carrie V. Kountz have been taken out of the wreck, and are found to be but slightly injured.

Capt. Tom Franey has received the nomination for Harbor Master of St. Louis, on the citizens' ticket.

The Mobile *Register* says: "The steamer Bettie Wright, engaged in running between Tensas and Stockton, sunk last night while lying at the wharf at Tensas landing. The passengers and crew, with the exception of the watchman, Mr. Roach, were saved. The boat and cargo will prove a total loss, as she is sunk in deep water, and little hopes are entertained of her being raised. It is supposed that a hole was stove in her side by a drift log."

LIME,

Cement, Plaster, Hair & Fire Brick

MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS FURnished at LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

DENIE & CO.,
mh5 41 SOUTH COURT SQUARE.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

Regular New Orleans Packet—For Vicksburg, Natchez and New Orleans.
LIZZIE GILL..........O'Neill master
This Mammoth freight steamer will leave as above on
THIS DAY, 3d inst., at 5 p.m.
RICHARD W. LIGHTBURNE, Agent,
ap3 No. 4 Jefferson street.

FOR ST. LOUIS.

Memphis and St. Louis United States Mail Line.
CITY OF CAIRO..........Malin master
This elegant and swift steamer will leave as above
THIS DAY, 3d inst., at 5 p.m.
Freight received at St. Louis Wharfboat.
ap3 FLEM. CALVERT, Sup't.

FOR VICKSBURG.

Memphis and Vicksburg United States Mail Line.
MARBLE CITY..........Carter master
This elegant passenger steamer will leave
SATURDAY, 3d inst., at 5 p.m.
Freight received at the St. Louis Wharfboat.
ap2 FLEM. CALVERT, Sup't.

FOR LOUISVILLE.

Regular Memphis and Louisville Packet—For Cairo, Evansville and Louisville.
NICK LONGWORTH..........Lew Kates Master
This splendid passenger packet will leave as above on
SATURDAY, 3d inst., at 8 a.m.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
ap2 No. 22½ Madison street.

FOR EVANSVILLE.

Regular Memphis and Evansville Weekly Packet—For Cairo and Evansville.
NORMAN..........J. B. Hall master
This new and magnificent passenger steamer will leave
SATURDAY, 3d inst., at 5 p.m.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
ap2 22½ Madison street.

FOR CINCINNATI.

Memphis and Cincinnati Packet Company.
For Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati.
SILVER MOON..........Merrilees master
This new and elegant passenger steamer leaves on
SATURDAY, 3d inst., at 5 p.m.
JAS. T. BOURNE & CO, Agents,
ap1 No. 12 Jefferson street.

FOR WHITE RIVER

Memphis and White River U.S. Mail Packet Co
LIBERTY NO. 2..........Conley master
This splendid passenger packet will leave as above
SATURDAY, 3d inst., at 5 p.m.
For freight or passage apply to
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
ap1 Star Wharfboat, foot Monroe st.

Memphis and White River U.S. Mail Packet Co
LIBERTY No. 2..........Conley master
This excellent steamer leaves Memphis as above,
SATURDAY, 3d inst., at 5 p.m.
JAMES B. SHARPE, Agent,
No. 290 Front street.
J. A. Sayers, Passenger Agent. ap1

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

The new and elegant passenger steamer

LEGAL TENDER

John D. Elliott, Master. W. H. Miller, Clerk.

WILL LEAVE CINCINNATI SATURDAY, April 3d, and Louisville TUESDAY, April 6th, for Memphis and White River.
ORDERS SOLICITED.
ELLIOTT & MILLER, Agents,
mh21 Promenade street, foot Jefferson.

FOR HALE'S POINT.

Memphis and Hale's Point Packet.

The Steamer
MARTINE..........E. Rector, Master
WILL leave Memphis for Hale's Point and all Way Landings EVERY MONDAY AND THURSDAY.
Apply on board. feb1

TRI-WEEKLY PACKET

FOR OSCEOLA.

GEO. W. CHEEK..........George Malone, Master
Frank Gonterman, Clerk,

LEAVES MEMPHIS ON TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 5 p.m., for Randolph, Fulton, Fort Pillow, Osceola and all Way Landings. Returning, leaves Osceola WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY and SUNDAY.
Apply on board. mh5

Memphis and St. Francis River Tuesday Packet.

For Helena, Mariana, Madison and Wittsburg.

The new and elegant Sidewheel Passenger Packet,

SAINT FRANCIS,

Capt. T. R. Bowman, - - Sam C. Paine, Clerk

WILL leave Memphis for HELENA, L'ANGUILLE and ST. FRANCIS RIVERS every TUESDAY, at 5 o'clock p.m.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
feb19 No. 22½ Madison street.

MEMPHIS & ARKANSAS RIVER

Packet Compa'y.

Tri-Weekly U. S. Mail Line,

THE FOLLOWING ELEGANT PASSENGER Boats of this LINE will leave Memphis hereafter THREE TIMES A WEEK, as follows:
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 5 o'clock p.m.,

THOMAS H. ALLEN...Reese Pritchard, Master
W. A. CALDWELL..........R. L. Baines, Master
OZARK..........H. Blaisdell, Master
LENI LEOTI..........W. T. Berry, Master

Connecting at LITTLE ROCK with the Company's new and light-draught packets for Fort Smith and Fort Gibson. Close connections made both ways.

AMERICAN..........Jno. W. Williams, Master
VAN BUREN..........James Bowlin, Master
FORT GIBSON..........John Woodburn, Master
FORT SMITH..........Ed. Nowland, Master

All of the above boats were built expressly for the trade, and are particularly well adapted to it. Passengers and freight will be put through by this line to all points on the Arkansas river without detention, and at reasonable rates.

All persons shipping freight for any point on the Arkansas river from North or East of Memphis, should have their goods consigned to "Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company," at Memphis. Merchandise shipped from New Orleans should be consigned to Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company, Napoleon, Ark.

Freight received at any time at the Company's office. JNO. D. ADAMS, President.
T. A. KENDIG, Agent,
ja26 304 Front street, Mosby Block.

DRUGS, ETC.

THEO. HOERNER,

Analytic and Manufacturing Chemist, Druggist and Apothecary,

54 and 56 Beal Street,

(Northwest corner of Second),

CHEMICAL ANALYSES of all descriptions made, and written reports furnished. Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.

Patent Medicines, Soaps, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, and everything pertaining to a first-class Drug Store. sep27 1f

NORFOLK, VA.

WM. A. PRINCE & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

— AND —

General Commission Merchants

25 and 27 Commerce Street.

NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

Liberal advances made on consignment, to us, or our New York or Liverpool houses.
sep18 6m

WINES AND LIQUORS.

A. VACCARO, B. VACCARO, A. B. VACCARO

A. VACCARO & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.,

324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
nov28

INSURANCE.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

— OF THE —

ÆTNA

INSURANCE COMPA'Y

OF NEW YORK,

—ON THE—

1st Day of January, 1869,

MADE TO THE

Comptroller of the State of Tennessee,

Pursuant to the Statutes of that State.

NAME AND LOCATION:

The name of the Company is the Ætna Insurance Company of New York, was incorporated in 1824, and is located at No. 170 Broadway, New York.

CAPITAL:

The amount of capital stock all paid up in cash, is..........$300,000

ASSETS:

Cash on hand and in Bank	$ 12,004 77
United States and State Bonds—market value	231,302 50
Debts due the Company, secured by mortgage, worth more than double	101 900 00
Loans on call, amply secured	82,500 00
Debts for premiums	5,848 56
All other securities	4,146 89
Total assets	$437,452 66

LIABILITIES:

Liabilities due and not due to Banks and other creditors	$ 5,200 00
Losses adjusted and due	None
Losses adjusted and not due	1,000 00
Losses unadjusted	5,520 00
Losses in suspense waiting further proof	None
All other claims against the Company (rent not due)	875 00
	$12,595 00

Greatest amount insured in any one risk, $15,000.

The amount allowed to be insured in any one city, town, village or block, discretionary.

The Charter or Act of Incorporation of said Company, March 31, 1824.

State of New York, County of New York—ss.

H. B. Beach, Vice President, and O. S. Bogert, Secretary of the Ætna Insurance Company of New York, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the foregoing is a full, true and correct statement of the affairs of said Insurance Company, and that they are the above described officers thereof.

H. C. BEACH, Vice Prest.
O. S. BOGERT, Secretary.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 14th day of January, 1869.
[L.S.] FRANCIS B. ANTZ,
Notary Public, New York County.

STATE OF TENNESSEE, }
CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, }
NASHVILLE, January 1, 1869. }

I, W. G. BLACKBURN, Comptroller of the Treasury, do hereby certify that the Ætna Fire Insurance Company, located at New York, in the State of New York, has produced to me satisfactory evidence that said Company has complied with all the requirements of the laws of the State of Tennessee imposed on Insurance Companies; and I further certify that H. T. Tomlinson, Agent of said Company, has also complied with the requirements of the laws of the State, made and provided in such cases:

Wherefore, said Ætna Fire Insurance Company has authority to take risks and transact the business of insurance in this State, at Memphis, Tenn.

G. W. BLACKBURN,
Comptroller of Tennessee.

H. T. TOMLINSON, AGENT,

No. 17 Madison Street.

mh28 MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Statement of the Condition

— OF THE —

LIVERPOOL & LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE CO.,

On the 31st of December, 1868.

THE name of the Company is the LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY. It is located in the cities of Liverpool and London, with a Branch Office in the city of New York.

The amount of its Capital Stock is..$2,000,000 00
The amount of its Capital Stock paid up in gold is..........1,958,766 00
The gold assets of the Company are...17,390,890 00

The Assets of the Company in the United States are as follows:

Cash on hand and in the hands of Agents or other persons		$191,447 79
Real estate unencumbered		283,722 82
Bonds owned by the Company, to wit:	par val.	mark. val.
U. S. 6 per ct. 5-20s	$467,000	$504,360 00
U. S. 5 per ct. 10-40s	160,000	166,400 00
Virginia State 6 per cent Bonds	53,000	23 009 50
		693,769 50
Loans on Bond and Mortgage being first lein on unincumbered Real Estate, worth double the amount loaned		994,555 00
Debts otherwise secured, bills receivable		5,350 00
Debts for premiums		93,820 37
All other securities		none.
Total Assets in United States		2,242,466 48

Liabilities in the United States.

Amount due or not due to banks or other creditors	none.
Losses adjusted and due	none.
Losses adjusted and not due	none.
Losses unadjusted	20,000 00
Losses in suspense, waiting for further proof	111,074 00
All other claims against the Company	none.
Total Liabilities	131,074 0

The greatest amount insured in any one risk
The greatest amount allowed by the rules of the Company to be insured in any one city, town or village.
The greatest amount allowed to be insured in any one block.
According to circumstances, and the nature of the risk.

(Signed) ALFRED PELL, Jr,
Resident Secretary.

STATE OF TENNESSEE, }
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, }
Nashville, January 1, 1869. }

I, G. W. BLACKBURN, Comptroller of the Treasury, do hereby certify that the Liverpool, London and Globe Insurance Co, located at New York in State of New York, has produced to me satisfactory evidence that said Company has complied with all the requirements of the laws of the State of Tennessee imposed on Insurance Companies, and I further certify that S. R. CLARKE & CO., Agents of said Company, have also complied with the requirements of the laws of the State, made and provided in such cases:

Wherefore, said Liverpool, London and Globe Insurance Co. has authority to take risks and transact the business of insurance in this State, at Memphis, Tenn.

[SEAL.] G. W. BLACKBURN,
Comptroller of Tennessee.

S. R. Clarke & Co.

AGENTS,

No. 18 Knickerbocker Building,

Madison Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.
mh25

Attention, Bankrupts!

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee—In Bankruptcy.

At Chambers, in the City of Memphis, in said District, on the 22d day of March, A.D., 1869.

THERE are on my Docket over one hundred cases in Bankruptcy, in a condition to be finally disposed of.

Notice is hereby given to such petitioners and their attorneys, to obtain their Discharges before May 1st, and avoid the delay, annoyance and expense of having the cases returned to the office of the District Clerk.

There are also over one hundred cases suspended in the Clerk's office for failure to deposit the $100 heretofore necessary. Parties interested are notified of a modification of the practice, so as to require, in advance, $70 instead of $100. Those, therefore, who have paid $50, can have their cases referred immediately on payment of $20.

Particular attention is directed to the provision in the Bankrupt Act, which requires that "there shall be no unreasonable delay on the part of the Bankrupt in endeavoring to obtain his discharge."

T. J. LATHAM,
mh23 Register in Bankruptcy.

INSURANCE.

NO EXPERIMENT

AN ESTABLISHED FACT

THE LEADING LIFE COMPANY

OF THE WEST!

THE

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Begins the year (January 1, 1869,) with

ASSETS,

$3,619,670 67!

Increased over $1,000,000 during the past year, after paying losses by death ($455,450), and Dividends 1865, 1866 and 1867, and purchased Policies ($305,089), amounting in sum total to $760,539.

Total losses by death paid since organization of the Company,

$866,250!

Total Return Dividends paid since organization of the Company,

$414,209!

Policies issued during the year 1868,

4,664!

Total number of Policies issued since organization of the Company,

14,330!

ASSETS AND RESERVE SECURE AND AMPLE FOR ALL CONTINGENCIES.

PRESENT ANNUAL INCOME,

$2,500,000!

Our past success is a guarantee for the future. Long lists of reference are easily obtained, but are no real guarantee of SAFETY and SUCCESS. The cheapest assurance is in tried and experienced Companies.

The higher per cent. of interest West, and our present annual income (over $2,500,000), will appeal largely to those desiring Assurance as an advantage with us in the future of their Policies.

EXAMINE OUR PLANS AND RATES BEFORE INSURING ELSEWHERE.

A Strictly Mutual Company,

With the additional security of a paid-up

Guarantee Capital of $100,000,

PAYING ITS OWN DIVIDENDS.

The most popular and advantageous forms and favorable terms of Insurance presented. A loan or credit of one-third (if desired) of the premium given. Surplus distributed on the first of January each year, and dividends paid annually thereafter on the Contribution Plan.

OFFICERS:

D. A. JANUARY, President; CHAS. H. PECK, Vice-President; WM. T. SELBY, Secretary; J. S. MILLER, Assistant Secretary; WM. N. BENTON, General Agent; WM. E HARVEY, Actuary; Hon. ELIZUR WRIGHT, Consulting Actuary; WM. M. McPHEETERS, M.D., Examining Physician.

DIRECTORS:

Oliver Garrison, Samuel Willi, Theodore Laveille, Charles H. Peck, Gen. Thomas L. Price, Jules Valle, George R. Robinson, Robert E. Carr, John F. Thornton, David K. Ferguson, William T. Selby, Nich. Schaffer, William T Gay, William C. Jamison, R. P. Hanenkamp L. H. Baker, D. A. January, William J. Lewis, James O. Carson, Jacob Tamm, Hon. John Hogan.

J. H. McMAHON, NEWTON S. OTIS

McMAHON & OTIS,

STATE AGENTS FOR

West Tennessee, Mississippi, Arkansas and North Alabama.

NO. 43 MADISON STREET,

MEMPHIS. : TENN.

J. S. WHITE, M.D., W. T. IRWIN, M.D.,

MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

Statement of the Condition of the St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, on the 1st day of January, 1869.

On the first day of January, 1869, made to the Comptroller of the State of Tennessee, in compliance with the laws of that State relating to Agents of Insurance Companies of other States doing business in that State.

The name of this Company is the Saint Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, and is located in the City of St. Louis, County of St. Louis, State of Missouri.

The amount of Capital Stock is paid up, and is..........$100,000 00

ASSETS.

Loans secured by Deeds of Trust, first liens of record on Real Estate, principally in city and county of St. Louis, as per schedule annexed	$1,012,281 63
Loans on Policies in force	1,527,900 26
Cash on hand, in Bank and Office	91,936 28
Loans on Personal Security	69,730 91
Tennessee State Bonds, six per cent.	26,000 00
Coupons on same, due 1st January, 1869	780 00
Virginia State Bonds	30,000 00
Office Furniture and Iron Safes, at Home Office and Agencies	5,164 29
Revenue Stamps on hand	971 60
Deferred Annual, Semi-Annual and Quarterly Premiums due on Policies in force and in transitu from Agents	511,411 73
Due from Agents, and for first Premiums on Policies in hands of Agents and in course of transmission	254,689 33
Accrued Interest	88,805 24
	$3,619,670 67

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$ 100,000 00
Dividends Unredeemed	33,450 46
Interest to reduce Bonds and Notes to present six per cent. value and for taxes unpaid	127,315 03
Losses admitted not yet due and uncalled for	85,600 00
Reserve for Reinsurance	2,961,512 24
Surplus	311,792 94
	$3,619,670 67

STATE OF TENNESSEE, }
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE. }

I hereby certify the foregoing to be a true and correct copy of the original now on file in this office. G. W. BLACKBURN,
Comptroller of State.

STATE OF TENNESSEE, }
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, }
NASHVILLE, January 1. 1869. }

I, G. W. Blackburn, Comptroller of the Treasury, do hereby certify that the St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, located at St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, has produced to me satisfactory evidence that said Company has complied with all the requirements of the laws of the State of Tennessee imposed on Insurance Companies; and I further certify that McMahon & Otis, Agents of said Company, have also complied with the requirements of the laws of the State, made and provided in such cases; wherefore, said St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company has authority to take risks and transact the business of insurance in this State, at Memphis, Tenn.

G. W. BLACKBURN,
Comptroller of Tennessee.
mh7 By PLUNKET.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINES,

AWARDED THE

HIGHEST PREMIUM AT THE WORLD'S FAIR,

Held in London, England, where all the Machines of Europe and America were in competition. Also, at the INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION, Paris, France, and at every United States Fair at which Sewing Machines have been Exhibited.

The qualities which recommend the Wheeler & Wilson Machine are:

1. It uses NO SHUTTLE, and makes the LOCK STITCH.
2. Beauty and excellence of stitch, alike upon both sides of the fabric sewed.
3. Strength, firmness and durability of seam, that will not rip or ravel.
4. Economy of Thread.
5. Its attachments and wide range of application to purpose and materials.
6. Compactness and elegance of model and finish.
7. Simplicity and thoroughness of construction.
8. Speed, ease of operation and management, and quietness of movement.
9. It has been the popular Family Sewing Machine for nine years, and hence it is no experiment to buy it.

ALL MACHINES WARRANTED FOR THREE YEARS.

A. SUMNER & CO.,

mh7 d&w **256 Second Street, Memphis, Tenn.**

BUTTER.

THE

ECONOMY BUTTER CO

Ask the attention of all interested in the reduction of the extravagant cost of Butter, to their practical and economical system of making pure prime Butter by aid of the

EXTRACT OF BUTTER PLANT.

A brief allusion to the origin of this important discovery may not prove uninteresting. Among the authenticated records of the renowned Captain Cook's voyage around the world, is found the statement, that while sojourning for a short time on the Brazilian Coast of South America, he observed the natives using, in the preparation of their food, a peculiar oil, which, upon examination, he found to possess the appearance, taste and flavor of Butter; upon further inquiry, however, he ascertained that it was simply a substance that the natives distilled in a crude and imperfect manner from a rich and luxuriant plant that grew spontaneously and abundantly in that warm tropical country. A few years ago an eminent French chemist, while on a professional visit to the tropics, made numerous experiments with this remarkable production of nature, and succeeded in extracting a concentrated essence of the plant. The formula for its preparation, and the Sole Right for the sale in this country are the exclusive property of this company, by whom it was purchased from the original discoverer. We claim for this remarkable, yet simple and perfectly harmless preparation

1st. That by its use a net gain of from 50 to 200 per cent. is made in the manufacture of Butter.

2d. That Butter, which from age or whatever cause, may be strong, rancid, streaked or coarse-grained, and comparatively useless for general use by the aid of this Extract is restored to its original freshness and sweetness, fine grain and even color.

3d. By the use of this Extract, one pound of delicious, fresh Butter is actually made from one pint of milk.

4th. That a pure and excellent table Butter can be made, at a cost of from 15 to 20 cents per pound. The chief expense wherein being Butter, which is the essential base.

5th. That Butter manufactured by the aid of this Extract is equal in every respect to the best Butter made by the ordinary method.

6th. The Extract, after thorough analysis, by able chemists, is pronounced perfectly free from any deleterious substance, the ingredients being purely of a vegetable nature.

7th. In proof of the foregoing assertions, the factory of this company is making one ton of Butter per day, which meets with ready sale in the New York market, and is consumed from the tables of the first hotels, restaurants and private families in this city and elsewhere.

A sample package of the EXTRACT (sufficient to make fifty pounds of Butter), with full directions for use, will be sent to any address on the receipt of $1.

CAUTION.—As all articles of real merit are subject to spurious imitations, we would specially caution the public against counterfeits and worthless imitations, advertised as powders, compounds, etc., as the Extract of the Butter Plant is prepared and sold only by

The Economy Butter Company.

Office—115 LIBERTY STREET.

Factory—236 GREENWICH STREET, N. Y.

State, County and City Rights for sale, offering to capitalists rare opportunities for establishing a staple business, paying enormous profits.

Agents Wanted Everywhere.

M. CADART'S Pure Vegetable Coloring, $1 a pound, sufficient to give a rich golden yellow to 200 pounds of White Butter; 50 cents per sample package, sent to any address. No farmer should be without it, as white and streaky Butter is worth from six to ten cents a pound less in all markets than that of a rich yellow. feb21

TRUST SALE.

Trustee's Sale.

THE undersigned, Trustee, will sell in front of Royster, Trezevant & Co.'s auction room, it being the northeast corner of Jefferson and Main streets, in the city of Memphis, to the highest bidder, for cash, on

Wednesday, the 28th Day of April Next,

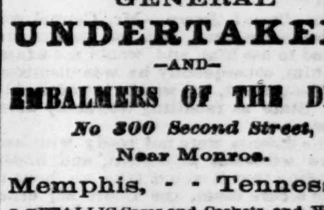
The following real estate situated in the county of Crittenden, State of Arkansas: It being the west ½ of the west ½ of section two in township six, north range nine east; also, the west ½ of the southwest fractional quarter of section thirty-five, in township seven, north range 9 east, containing in all two hundred and two acres, more or less; the said sale will be made as aforesaid, pursuant to the terms and stipulations of a certain deed of trust executed by Peter Andrew and Easter Salori, executed October 20, 1866, to the undersigned in Trust, to secure to James F Barton a certain debt therein mentioned, and to satisfy said Trust. Sale between the hours of 11 a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m. The title is good, but I will only sell and convey as Trustee.

mh28 JOHN P. TREZEVANT, Trustee.

UNDERTAKERS.

E. McCAFFREY. W. R. CORNELIUS

McCAFFREY & CORNELIUS



GENERAL

UNDERTAKERS

—AND—

EMBALMERS OF THE DEAD,

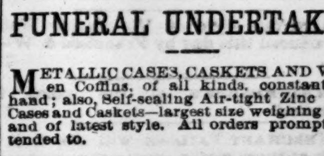
No 300 Second Street,

Near Monroe.

Memphis, - - Tennessee,

METALLIC Cases and Caskets and Wooden Coffins constantly on hand. ja9

FLAHERTY & CO.



FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS

METALLIC CASES, CASKETS AND WOODen Coffins, of all kinds, constantly on hand; also, Self-sealing Air-tight Zinc Burial Cases and Caskets—largest size weighing 85 lbs. and of latest style. All orders promptly attended to.

Storehouse, No. 317 Second Street,

Between Union and Monroe streets.

Mr. James Flaherty having been engaged in this business for twenty five years, we feel assured that we can give satisfaction.

Carriages and Cars for hire.

Residence, No. 188 Union street. feb11

CASH ADVANCES ON COTTON

Notice to Shippers.

WE ARE PREPARED TO MAKE LIBeral Cash Advances on Cotton in store in this city, or for shipment to Messrs. DAY DOWS & CO , New York.

mh11 TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.

NAVIGATION.

THE MISSISSIPPI VALLEY

NAVIGATION COMPANY

— OF THE —

SOUTH AND WEST.

To the Owners of Real Estate in Tennessee, Mississippi, Alabama and Arkansas:

THE COMPANY KNOWN TO THE PUBlic as the "Mississippi Valley Navigation Company of the South and West," is organized under a charter from the State of Louisiana. This charter authorizes a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, with the privilege of extension to one million. That the public may know the exact object of the Company, the third article of the charter is given entire, as follows:

"The object of this Company is to construct or otherwise to procure and maintain one or more steamboats, or other vessels, to run on and navigate the Mississippi river, or its tributaries, for the purpose of carrying freight, mails and passengers; to construct docks, wharves, buildings and such other constructions as may be necessary to the building and repairing of vessels, and generally to exercise such incidental powers and privileges as are hereby or may be conferred on them for the purposes aforesaid."

The Company propose, under the provisions of this charter to construct a line of steamers to run between the different ports on the Mississippi river and its tributaries. They will be constructed upon the low-pressure principle; they will carry less steam; they will make better time, and be in all respects more safe than any description of boats ever placed upon our waters. Divided into distinct compartments, if disaster, whether by fire or snags, shall happen to one, the boat is not endangered. In case of fire, apparatus for turning steam upon it will be provided, and it is demonstrated that steam is the most effective extinguisher of fire. In case one compartment is broken through by contact with snags, and fills with water, the others are not endangered, and the boat cannot sink, as pumps, provided for such an emergency, will be in instant operation. Safety to passengers and freight is a great end, worthy of the struggle of the people of the Mississippi Valley.

Nearly three hundred thousand dollars in money and work has already been subscribed to the capital stock of the Company. The Louisiana Legislature has passed a bill subscribing one hundred thousand dollars of stock to the Company. An additional sum of that amount will, without a doubt, be subscribed by the same body. The Company have resolved to take lands for stock, and this is the feature to which they desire to call the attention of owners of real estate. In the Southern States, on account of the disorganized condition of labor, lands are an incumbrance. Vast tracts that yield no revenue to the proprietors, pay exorbitant taxes, and thus cripple their only productive resources. This Company propose to take these lands at a fair valuation and issue to the owners their stock in lieu. If lands shall enhance in value, so will the stock enhance in value, and thus the land proprietor will carry in his pocket the equivalent of his lands, to be converted into money or property without delay. The success of this great enterprise is beyond question. The stockholder, in addition to the benefit of the enhanced value of his lands, will be part owner of a line of boats, and be entitled to dividends in their earnings.

Persons wishing to exchange lands for the stock of the Company will send to the Agent at Memphis a description of them, their productive qualities, the timber, bottom or upland; whether overflowed or not; if overflowed, what proportion; how near to county-town, to railroad, depot, river, and all facts necessary to afford the Company a satisfactory idea of the land. This may be done by certificates of reliable, disinterested persons residing in the neighborhood. The present actual value of the land may be proved in the same manner. The party offering lands must state in his proposition the lowest figures he will take. The Company will not give exorbitant prices. The titles must be unencumbered by judgments, mortgages, deeds of trust, tax titles, or otherwise. This may be shown by official certificates of judges, clerks, sheriffs, or the opinions of respectable attorneys. This is believed to be the best opportunity to dispose of surplus lands in the South and West that has yet been or can be offered.

Many of the best and wealthiest citizens of the South and West are warmly embarked in the enterprise. The General Headquarters of the Company are in New Orleans, but agencies exist in all the principal cities. The enterprise has been endorsed by Underwriters, Chambers of Commerce, Engineers, Mechanics, practical navigators, and all classes of practical men.

The foregoing facts are submitted to the public in the confident belief that they will be understood and appreciated.

Board of Directors for the Present Year:

John A. Grow,	J. Ed. Montgomery,
Thomas A. Adams,	N. S. Otis,
I. T. Winnemore,	Dr. J. R. Watkins,
William Creevy,	F. Y. Rockett,
David DeHaven,	D. C. Martin,
Howard Millspaugh,	Captain H. G. Carson,
John Paul Baker,	John Cobb,
H. Nolting,	Gen. T. T. Crittenden,
D. W. Flowree,	John S. Davies,
Samuel Patterson,	J. C. Hess, Philadelphia
E. D. Cobb, 266 Front St., Memphis, Tenn.,	
George Dickson, Memphis, Tenn.	

Officers:

CAPT. DAVID DEHAVEN, President.
COL. JOHN A. GROW, Vice-President.
HOWARD MILLSPAUGH, Treasurer.
NEWTON S. OTIS, Secretary.
CHARLES S. STEWART, Assistant Secretary.
JOHN B. DAVIES, Chief Engineer.

Standing Committees:

Finance Committee—I. T. Winnemore, John Paul Baker, H. Nolting.
Committee on Lands—Howard Millspaugh, John A. Grow, D. W. Flowree.
Committee on Steamboats—John B. Davies, J. Ed. Montgomery, H. G. Carson.
Committee on Docks and Wharves—William Creevy, N. S. Otis, D. C. Martin.
Committee on Revision of By-Laws and Charter—John A. Grow, J. P. Baker, Howard Millspaugh.

General Agent:

I. T. WINNEMORE.

Special Agent:

J. C. HESS, Philadelphia, Pa.

Local Agents:

John P. Baker, New Orleans.
W. Spears, Vicksburg.
F. Y. Rockett, Memphis.
J. B. Townsend, Grenada, Miss.
J. W. Johnson, Cairo.
J. S. Cox, Evansville.
J. B. Davies, Louisville.
John Cobb, Madison, Indiana.
S. Jones, Cincinnati.
Charles H. Beckwith, Chicago.
Martin & Howard, St. Louis.
J. E. Merriman & Co., St. Louis.
Don Alonso Childs, New York.

Propositions for subscriptions of money or lands to the capital stock of the Company should be addressed to

F. Y. ROCKETT,
mh14 **Agent at Memphis,**
No. 12 Jefferson street.

MACHINERY

— FOR —

Draining, Irrigating & Wrecking.

CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS
90 to 40,000 Gallons per Minute.
OSCILLATING ENGINES
Half to 250 Horse Power.
BOILERS, SMOKE CONSUMING,
Superheating, and Safe.
FRICTION GROOVED NOISELESS HOISTING MACHINES,
All Light, Compact, Durable and Economical.

For Circulars, address Patentees and Manufacturers,

WM. D. ANDREWS & BRO.,
mh4 **414 Water street, NEW YORK**